

# Milwaukee County COVID-19 Data Summary

Milwaukee County COVID-19 Epidemiology Intel Team

This report was updated on September 23, 2021 and includes data through September 21, 2021. Note that case and testing data for recent weeks may be under-reported due to pending test results. Hospitalizations overall are thought to be an undercount. Deaths may lag by several days due to a process of death review and confirmation.

## Milwaukee County COVID-19 Summary Statistics

### Overall Milwaukee County COVID-19 Summary Statistics March 5, 2020 - September 21, 2021

	Milwaukee County	City of Milwaukee	Suburbs
Total tests performed	1,733,819	1,092,291	641,528
Percent positive of all tests performed	8.1%	8.3%	7.9%
Number of confirmed cases	125,618	81,076	44,542
Number of hospitalizations	8,219	5,434	2,785
Number of deaths	1,484	813	671
Case fatality rate	1.2%	1.0%	1.5%

### Weekly Milwaukee County COVID-19 Summary Statistics September 15, 2021 - September 21, 2021

	Milwaukee County	City of Milwaukee	Suburbs
Total tests performed	28,344	17,451	10,893
Percent positive of all tests performed	8.5%	9.7%	6.5%
Number of confirmed cases	1,578	1,103	475
Number of hospitalizations*	286	207	79
Number of deaths	12	9	3

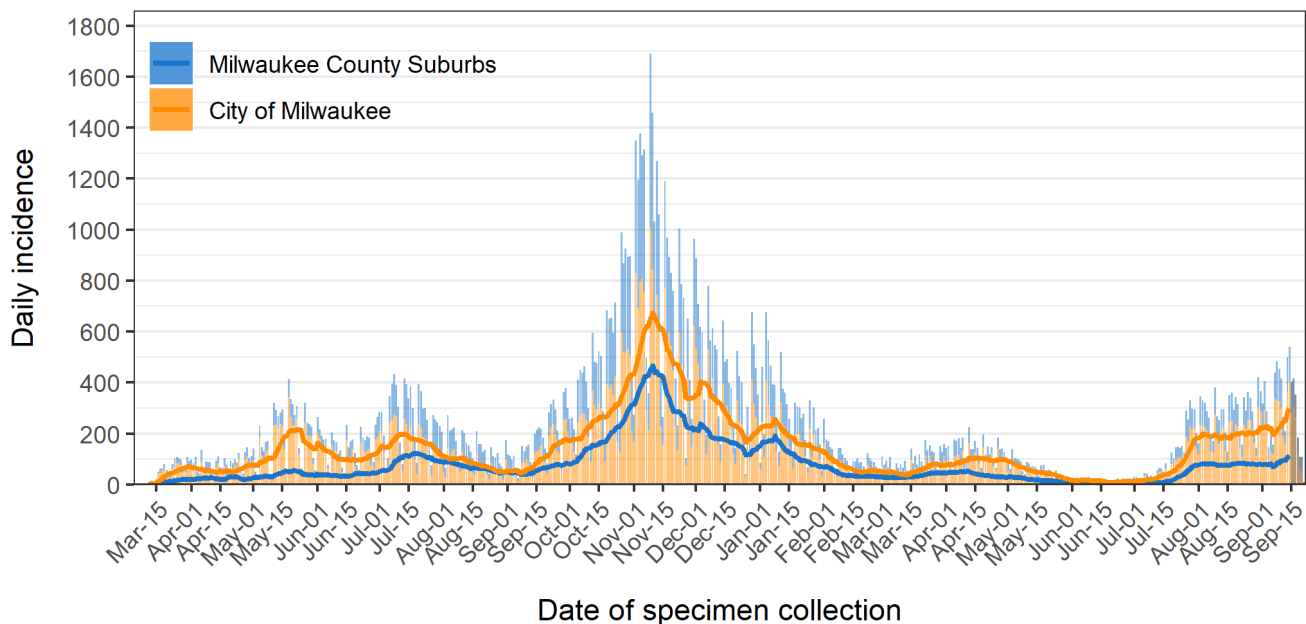
\*Total patients hospitalized for COVID-19 with specimen collection date within the last 30 days

## Total Cases and New Cases

There are now a total of 125,618 cases in Milwaukee County, since the first confirmed case on March 6<sup>th</sup>, 2020. Over the last week, we observed 1,578 new confirmed cases in Milwaukee County, including 1,103 new cases in the city of Milwaukee. **Figure 1** shows the daily incidence of new cases (bars) and the average daily incidence within the last 7 days (line), which provides a smoothing effect to enhance visualization, for both the city and the county. To indicate a potential reporting delay, we shaded the last seven days of data and exclude those days from the trend line.

Over the last week, we have seen an increase in confirmed cases in the county. The highest daily case count since the beginning of the epidemic occurred on November 9, 2020, with 1,690 cases in the county overall. The highest daily case count over the entire epidemic in the suburbs occurred on November 9, 2020, with a total of 684 cases confirmed. The highest case count in the city occurred on November 9, 2020, with a total of 1,006 cases confirmed.

**Figure 1: Milwaukee County daily number of COVID-19 cases**

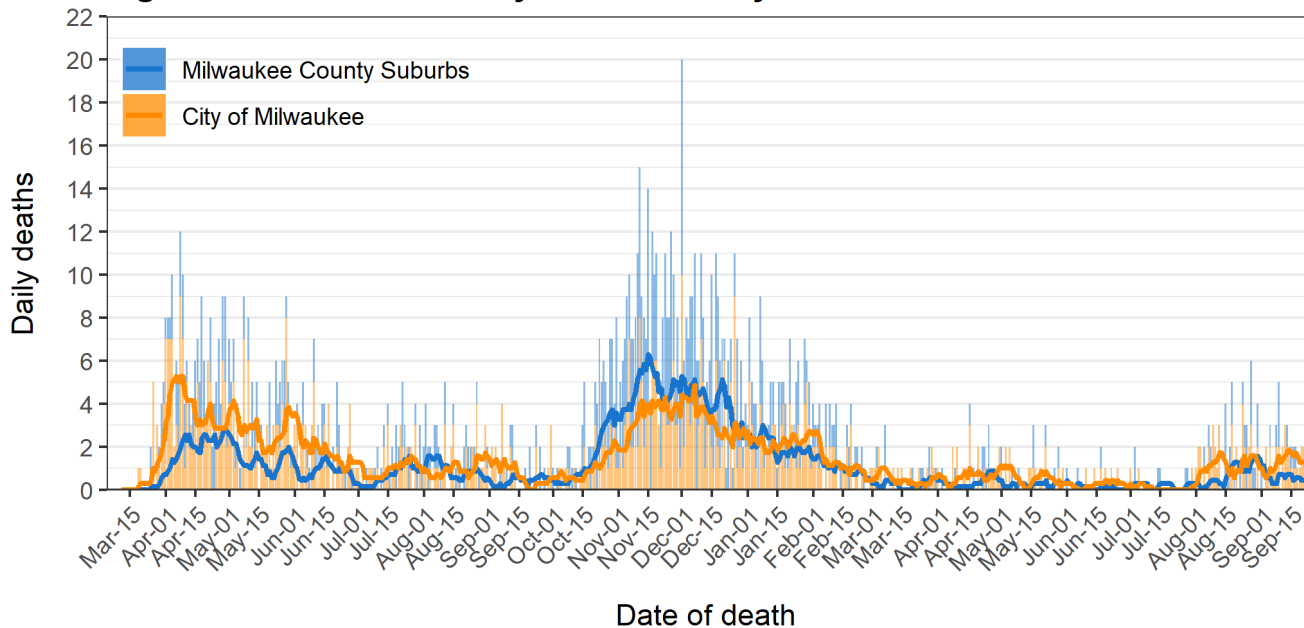


Data source: Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System (WEDSS)  
Created by the Milwaukee County COVID-19 Epidemiology Intel Team

## Total Deaths and New Deaths

There are a total of 1,484 COVID-19 related deaths in Milwaukee County. Over the last week, we observed 12 deaths, with 9 from the City of Milwaukee. **Figure 2** shows the number of daily COVID-19 related deaths among Milwaukee County and City of Milwaukee residents. The overlaid lines show the average daily deaths within the last 7 days for each jurisdiction. Deaths in the county peaked on December 1, 2020. Deaths in the city peaked on December 1, 2020 with 10 deaths, and in the suburbs on November 15, 2020 with 10 deaths.

**Figure 2: Milwaukee County COVID-19 daily deaths**



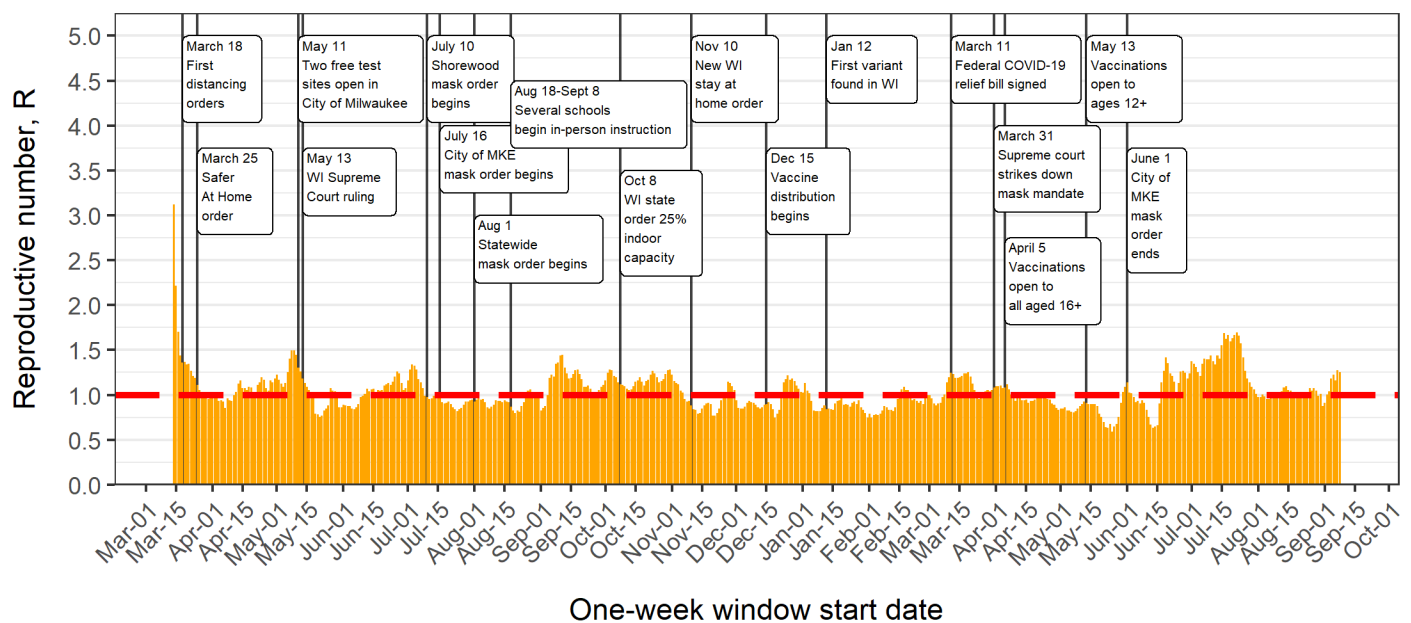
Data source: Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System (WEDSS)  
Created by the Milwaukee County COVID-19 Epidemiology Intel Team

## The COVID-19 Reproductive Number

Another way of examining the growth rate of the infection is to examine the reproductive number ( $R$ ). This number captures the number of new cases that are the result of an existing case. For example, an  $R$  of 2 would indicate that each infected person infects 2 new people. The following plots show the change in  $R$  over time for Milwaukee County, **Figure 3**, the City of Milwaukee, **Figure 4a**, and Milwaukee County suburbs, **Figure 4b**. Each plot includes key dates related to physical distancing or focused testing campaigns affecting residents. The  $R$  for each date is calculated to represent the  $R$  for a 7-day period with the start day of that 7-day period represented on the graph. We do not report estimates for the most recent seven days due to a potential data reporting delay. The highest  $R$  values observed over the course of the epidemic were 3.12 in the county, 3.43 in the city, and 2.34 in the suburbs, at the beginning of the epidemic in March 2020. The  $R$  value fluctuated around 1 since then, until mid-June with the most recent surge in cases thought to be driven by the Delta variant.

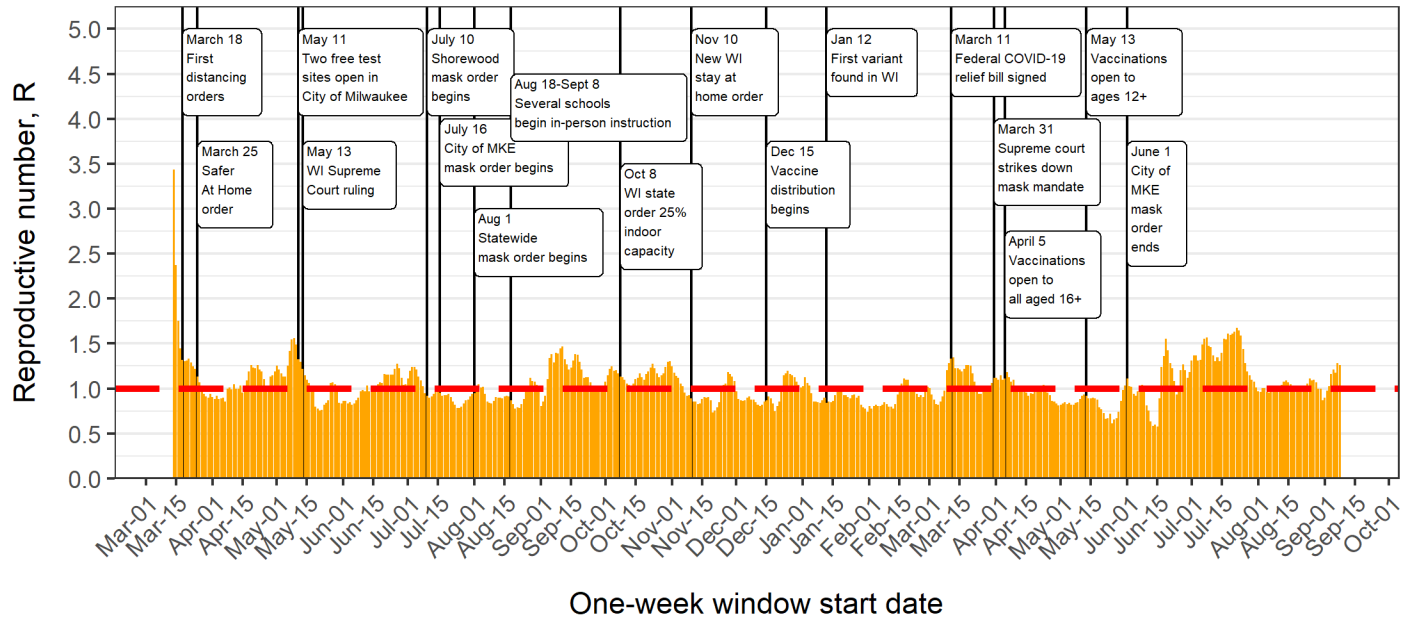
Patterns in the City of Milwaukee are very similar to those in the county overall. Patterns in the suburbs show more fluctuation. The  $R$  values for the week of September 8, 2021 through September 14, 2021 are 1.256 for the county, 1.263 in the city, and 1.241 in the suburbs.

**Figure 3: One week reproductive number for Milwaukee County**



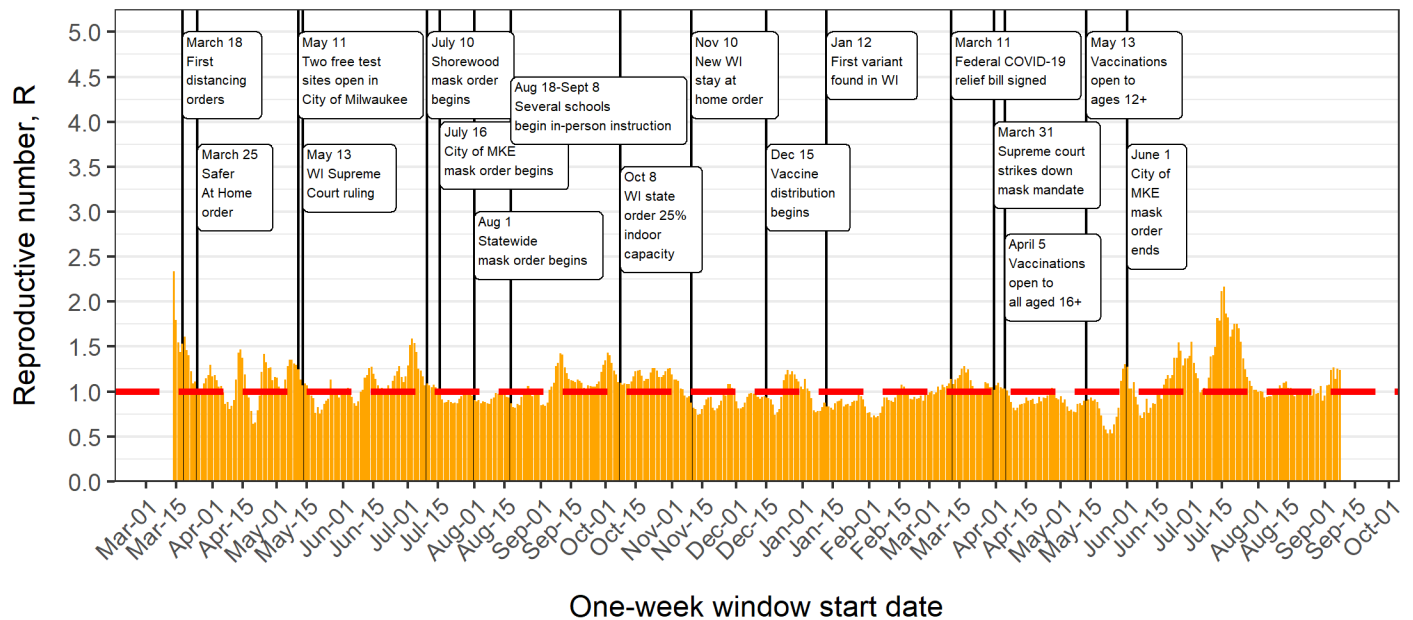
Data source: Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System (WEDSS)  
Created by the Milwaukee County COVID-19 Epidemiology Intel Team

**Figure 4a: One week reproductive number for City of Milwaukee**



Data source: Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System (WEDSS)  
Created by the Milwaukee County COVID-19 Epidemiology Intel Team

**Figure 4b: One week reproductive number for Milwaukee County suburbs**



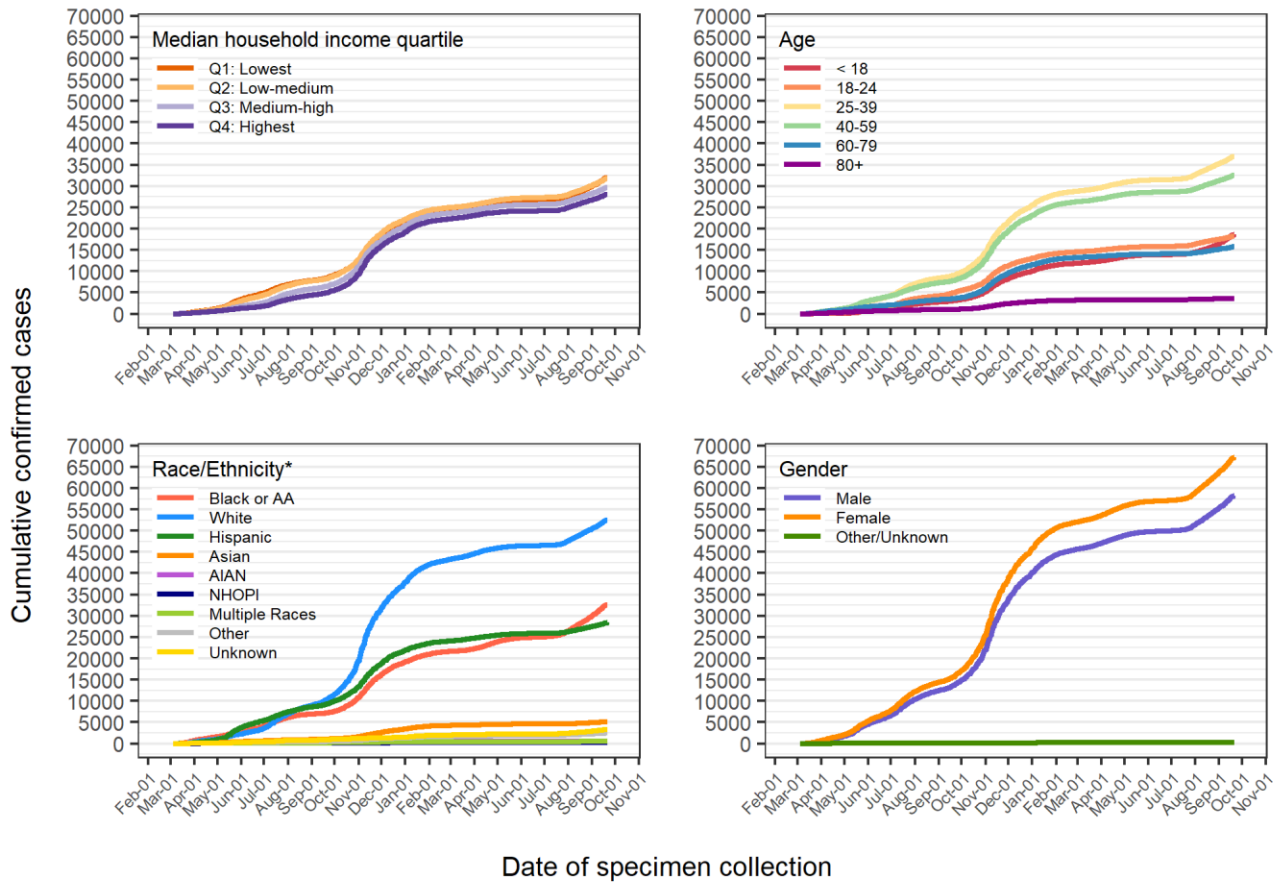
Data source: Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System (WEDSS)  
Created by the Milwaukee County COVID-19 Epidemiology Intel Team

## Demographic Patterns – Age, Sex, Race and Ethnicity

### Confirmed cases

COVID-19 cases vary by demographic characteristics. **Figure 5** shows cumulative case plots including confirmed positive cases with an available specimen collection date, plotted by census block group (CBG) median household income, sex, age, and race/ethnicity groups. The cumulative number of cases among those aged 25-39 (N = 36943) still exceeds the number among the next highest group, those aged 40-59 (N = 32535). The number of cases under age 18 (N = 18577) now exceeds the number diagnosed among those aged 18-24 (N = 18215) and 60-79 (N = 15733). Of all confirmed cases, 46% are male and 53% are female. The largest number of cases have been identified among the non-Hispanic White population (N = 52508), followed by the Black/AA population (N = 32593) and the Hispanic population (N = 28382). The lower two quartiles of median household income (\$0 to \$35,833, and \$35,834 to \$50,096) have a larger number of cases than the higher two quartiles (\$50,097 to \$68,393, and \$68,394 to \$250,001), with the fewest cases identified among the highest income group.

**Figure 5: Cumulative confirmed cases in Milwaukee County**



Data source: Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System (WEDSS)

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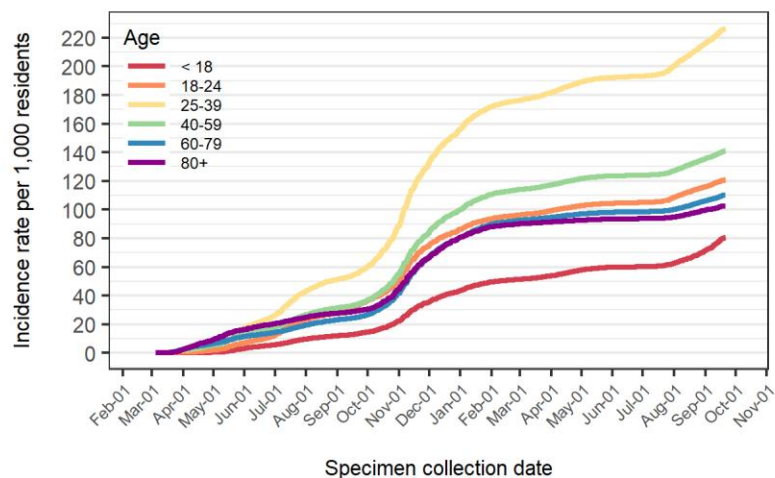
\*Race and ethnicity were combined into one variable where the Hispanic category includes Hispanics of any race.

AIAN stands for American Indian or Alaska Native and NHOPI stands for Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander.

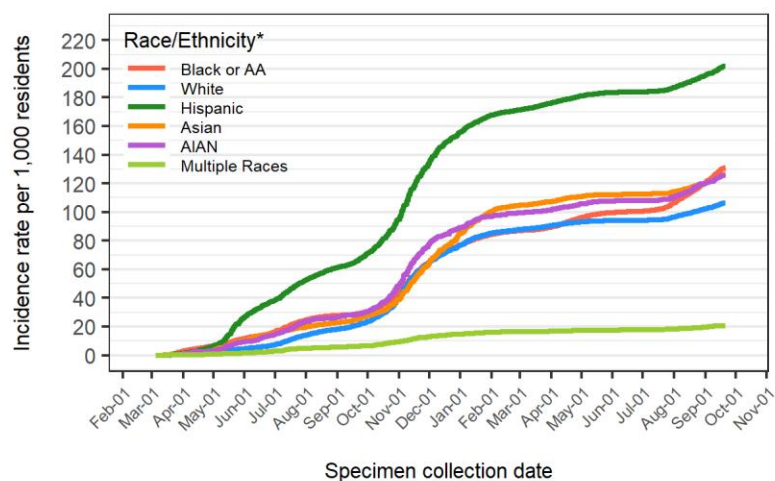
When examined as population-based rates in **Figure 6**, demographic patterns are also apparent. Early in the epidemic, we saw a clear age gradient in population-based rates, with older populations experiencing greater rates. However, since then, we have seen higher rates among the younger, working age groups (18-24, 25-39, and 40-59) and most recently among children (0-17). By race and ethnicity, the rate was highest among Black/AA populations until the beginning of May 2020, when we observed a surge among Hispanics resulting in the Hispanic rate (201.9 per 1,000 people) exceeding that among all other racial and ethnic groups. The rates among Black/AAs (130.89 per 1,000), Asians (126.13 per 1,000 people), and AIANs (125.46 per 1,000 people) come next, followed by Non-Hispanic Whites (106.35 per 1,000). The rate among Black/AA residents increased with the summer 2021 surge in cases thought to be driven by the Delta variant. The rate among females (136.42 per 1,000 people) exceeds the rate among males (126.01 per 1,000 people).



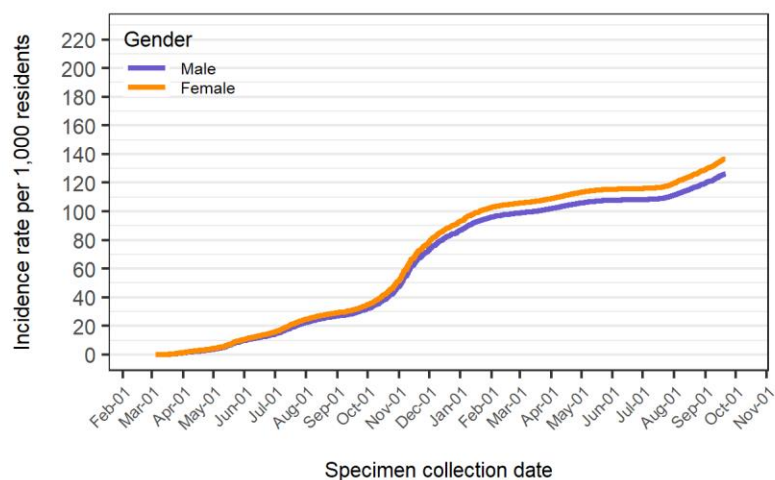
**Figure 6: Population based incidence rates in Milwaukee County**



Age	N Cases	Population	Rate per 1,000 residents
< 18	18577	231111	80.38
18-24	18215	150895	120.71
25-39	36943	163246	226.30
40-59	32535	230887	140.91
60-79	15733	142783	110.19
80+	3615	35287	102.45



Race/Ethnicity*	N Cases	Population	Rate per 1,000 residents
Black or AA	32593	249011	130.89
White	52508	493723	106.35
Hispanic	28382	140575	201.90
Asian	5101	40443	126.13
AIAN	583	4647	125.46
Multiple Races	497	24224	20.52



Gender	N Cases	Population	Rate per 1,000 residents
Male	58177	461670	126.01
Female	67194	492539	136.42

Data source: Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System (WEDSS)

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\*Race and ethnicity were combined into one variable where the Hispanic category includes Hispanics of any race.

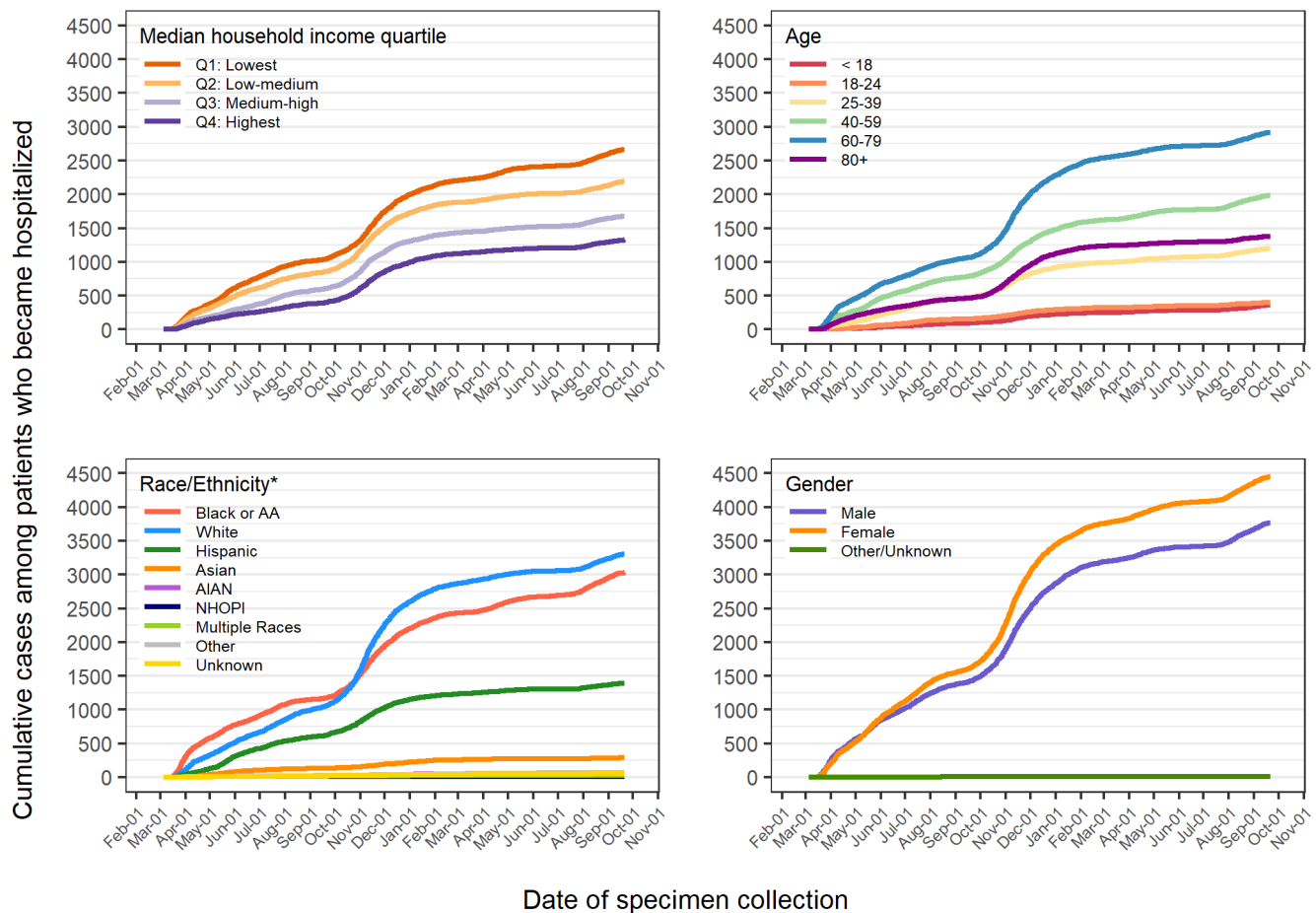
AIAN stands for American Indian or Alaska Native and NHOPI stands for Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander.



## Hospitalizations

A total of 8219 Milwaukee County residents have been hospitalized due to COVID-19. **Figure 7** shows cumulative hospitalizations based on lab specimen collection date (as admission dates are incomplete). The highest number of hospitalizations continues to be among those ages 60-79 (N = 2917). The highest number of hospitalizations have now occurred among Non-Hispanic White community (N = 3305), followed by the Black/AA community (N = 3029), and then the Hispanic community (N = 1391). Overall, counts are lower among other racial and ethnic groups. Females outnumber males, comprising 54.1% of all hospitalized cases. More individuals among lower income than higher income groups have been hospitalized, with a clear income gradient observed.

**Figure 7: Cumulative hospitalizations in Milwaukee County**



Data source: Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System (WEDSS)

Created by the Milwaukee County COVID-19 Epidemiology Intel Team

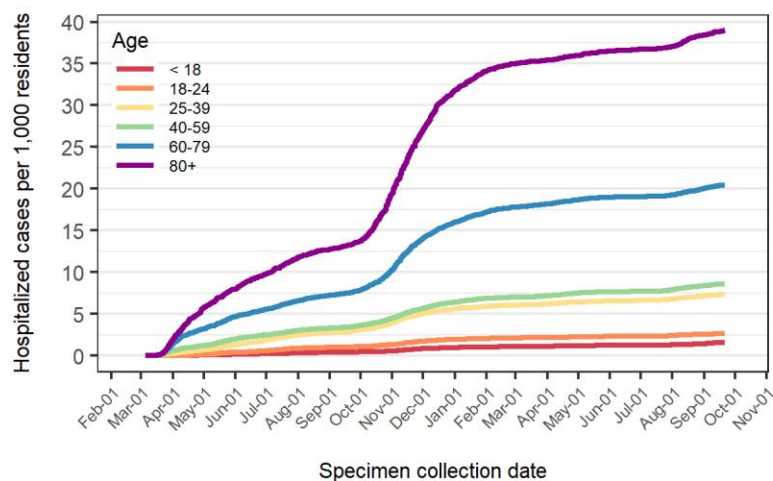
\*Race and ethnicity were combined into one variable where the Hispanic category includes Hispanics of any race.

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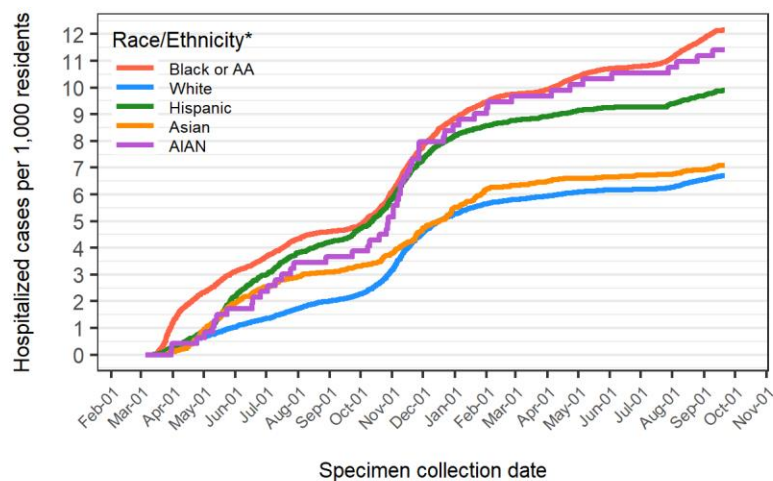
When examined as population-based rates and case-based rates in **Figure 8**, hospitalization patterns are also apparent by demographic characteristics. Both population- and case-based hospitalization rates exhibit a clear age group gradient, with older age groups experiencing higher rates. For race and ethnicity and gender plots, note that the vertical axis has been adjusted to reveal variation and the scales are not directly comparable across age, gender, and race/ethnicity plots. By race and ethnicity, population and case-based hospitalization rates are highest among the Black/AA and AIAN populations and the population-based rate is lowest for non-Hispanic Whites. Note the variation in the timing of rate

increases across racial and ethnic groups. Rates by gender are very similar. All rates presented are crude rates and only groups with 10 or more total hospitalized cases are shown.

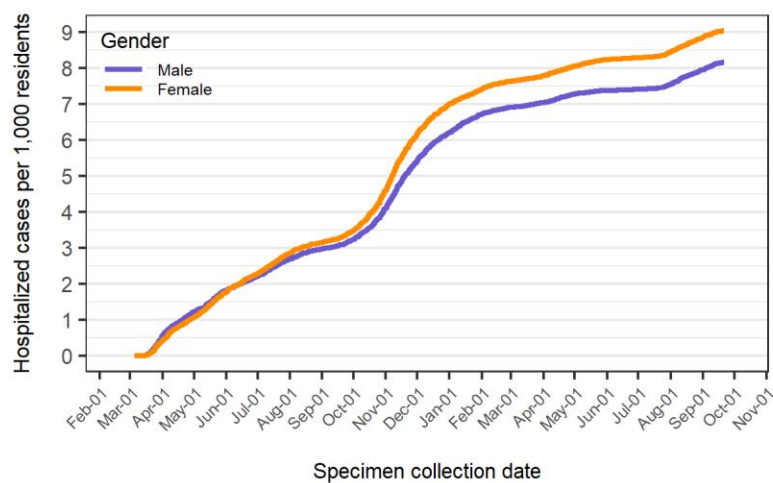
**Figure 8: Population and case based hospitalization rates in Milwaukee County**



Age	N Hospitalized Cases	Rate per 1,000 residents	Rate per 100 cases
< 18	357	1.54	1.92
18-24	394	2.61	2.16
25-39	1194	7.31	3.23
40-59	1983	8.59	6.09
60-79	2917	20.43	18.54
80+	1374	38.94	38.01



Race/Ethnicity*	N Hospitalized Cases	Rate per 1,000 residents	Rate per 100 cases
Black or AA	3029	12.16	9.29
White	3305	6.69	6.29
Hispanic	1391	9.90	4.90
Asian	286	7.07	5.61
AIAN	53	11.41	9.09



Gender	N Hospitalized Cases	Rate per 1,000 residents	Rate per 100 cases
Male	3765	8.16	6.47
Female	4450	9.03	6.62

Data source: Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System (WEDSS)

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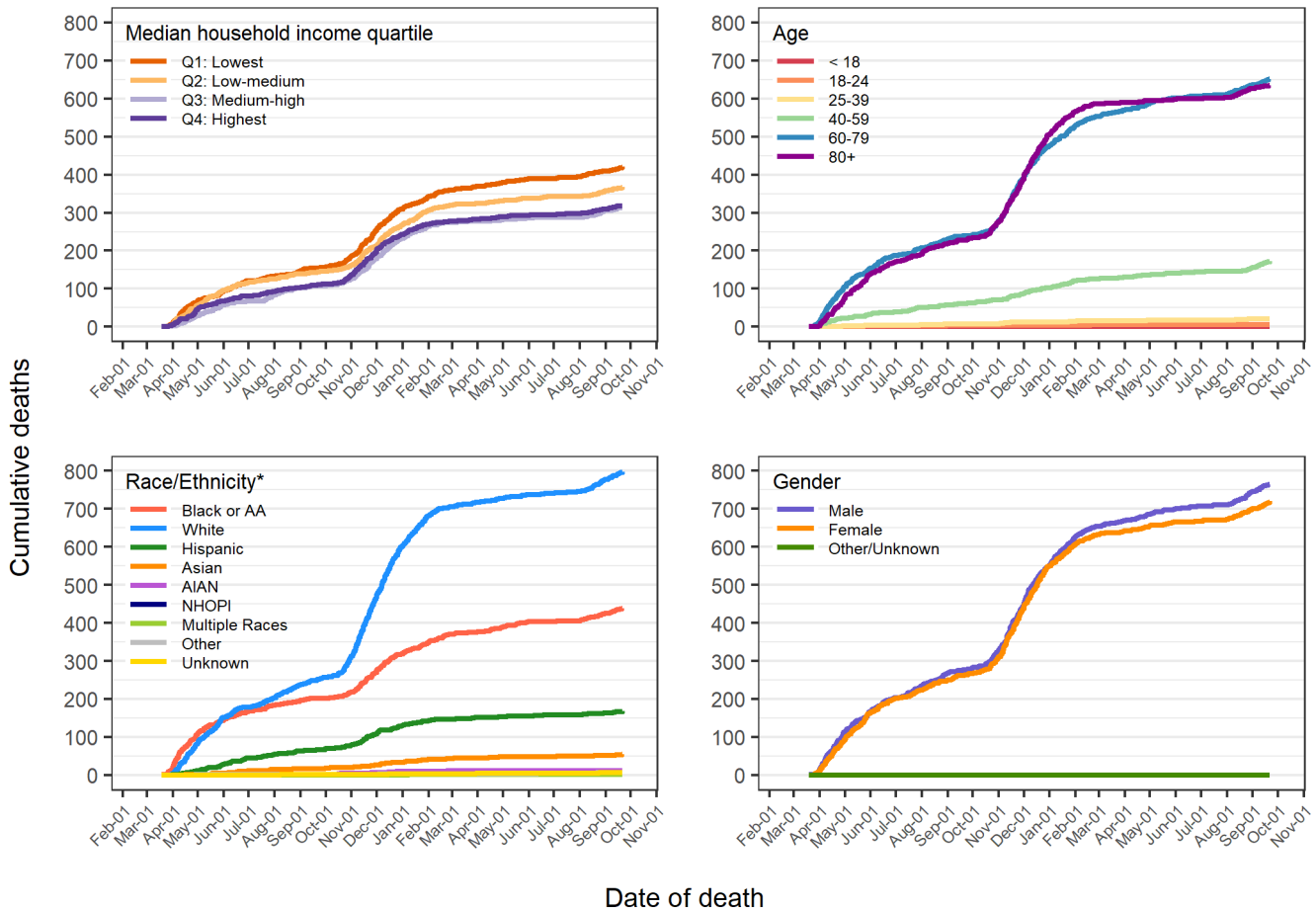
\*Race and ethnicity were combined into one variable where the Hispanic category includes Hispanics of any race.

AIAN stands for American Indian or Alaska Native and NHOPI stands for Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander.

## Deaths

There are now a total of 1484 confirmed deaths in Milwaukee County, representing a case fatality rate of 1.2%. We observed 12 new deaths over the past week in the county. Mortality patterns differ by demographic characteristics, as shown in **Figure 9**. The largest number of deaths are recorded among those age 60 or older. The largest number of deaths are recorded for males (N = 764) and for non-Hispanic Whites (N = 797) followed by Black/AA residents (N = 438). By income, there are a larger number of deaths among the two lower income groups as compared to the two higher income groups. Deaths among Hispanics remain relatively low.

**Figure 9: Cumulative deaths in Milwaukee County**



Data source: Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System (WEDSS)

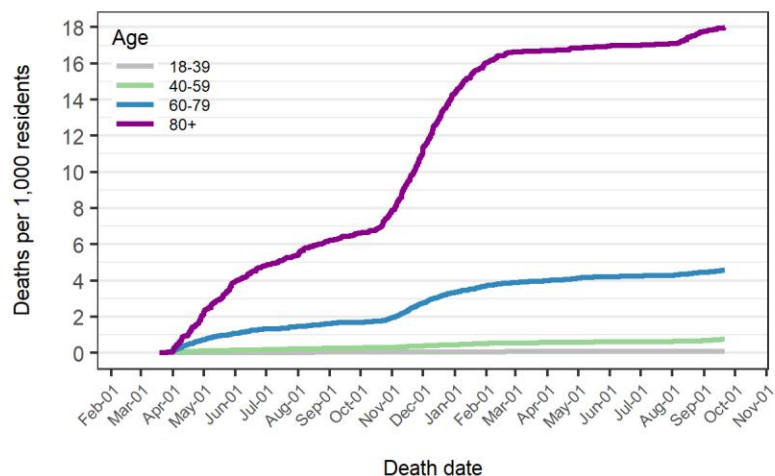
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\*Race and ethnicity were combined into one variable where the Hispanic category includes Hispanics of any race.

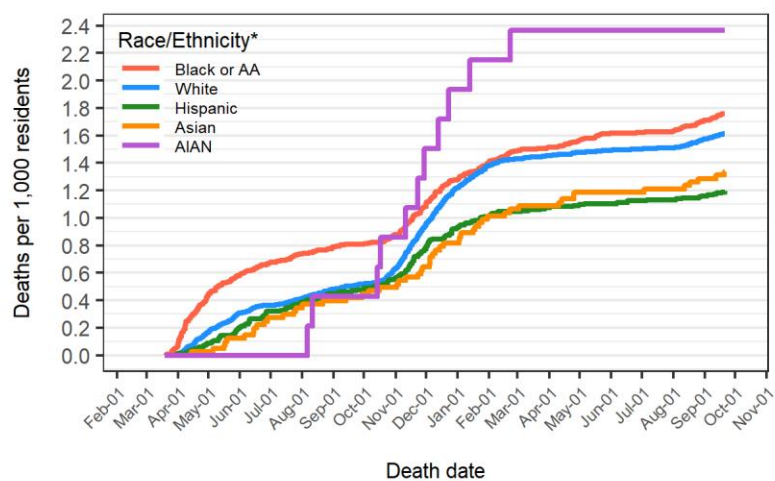
AIAN stands for American Indian or Alaska Native and NHOPI stands for Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander.

In terms of population- and case-based rates shown in **Figure 10**, there is a clear age category gradient, with higher death rates among older populations. For race and ethnicity and gender plots, note that the vertical axis has been adjusted to reveal variation and the scales are not directly comparable across age, gender, and race/ethnicity plots. Males have a higher death rate than females. The AIAN population has the highest population and case-based death rates, although the total number of deaths is small in comparison to other racial and ethnic groups. Black/AA populations and non-Hispanic Whites have the next highest population and case-based death rates. All rates presented are crude rates and only groups with 9 or more total deaths are shown.

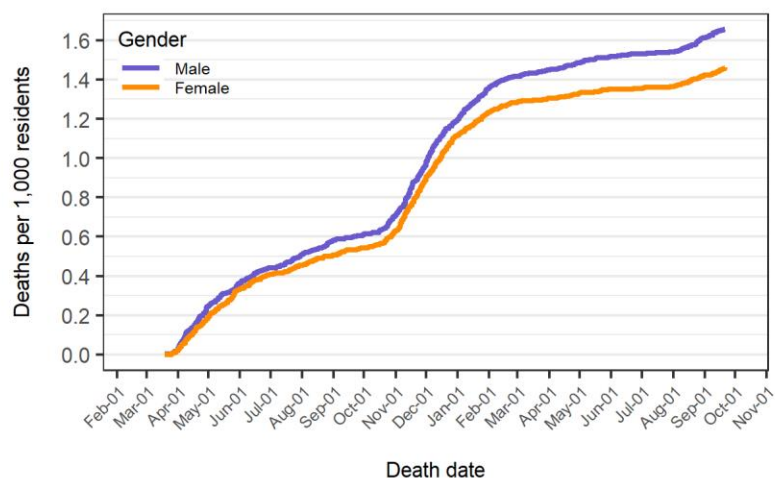
**Figure 10: Population and case based death rates in Milwaukee County**



Age	N Deaths	Rate per 1,000 residents	Rate per 100 cases
18-39	25	0.08	0.05
40-59	173	0.75	0.53
60-79	651	4.56	4.14
80+	634	17.97	17.54



Race/Ethnicity*	N Deaths	Rate per 1,000 residents	Rate per 100 cases
Black or AA	438	1.76	1.34
White	797	1.61	1.52
Hispanic	168	1.20	0.59
Asian	54	1.34	1.06
AIAN	11	2.37	1.89



Gender	N Deaths	Rate per 1,000 residents	Rate per 100 cases
Male	764	1.65	1.31
Female	720	1.46	1.07

Data source: Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System (WEDSS)

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\*Race and ethnicity were combined into one variable where the Hispanic category includes Hispanics of any race.

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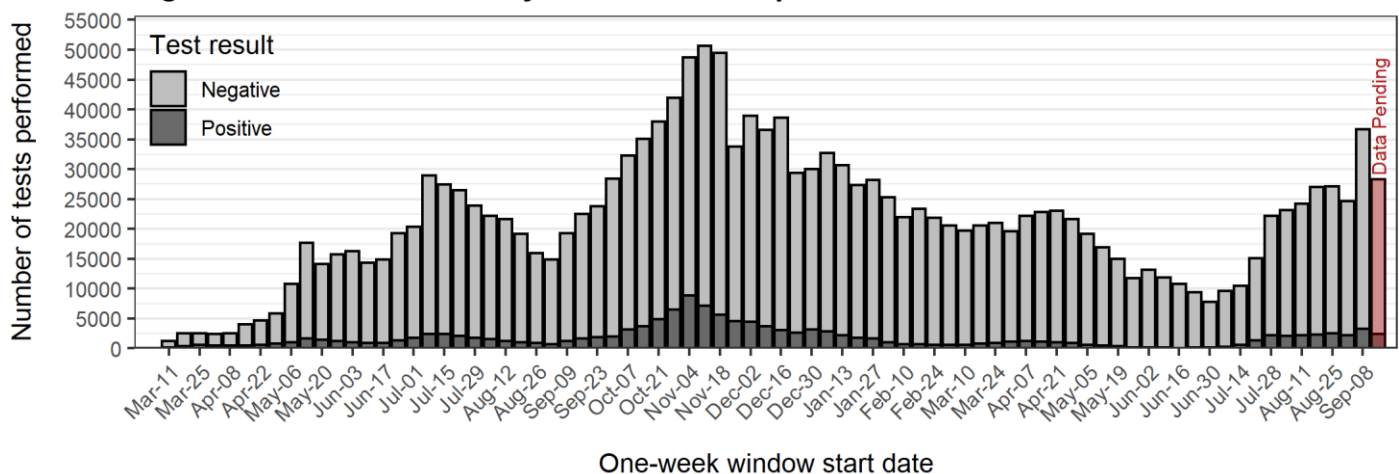


## Testing Coverage

Testing for the novel coronavirus is an important public health response to limiting the spread of the infection. Testing capacity was limited in Milwaukee County and across the country earlier in the epidemic, but then increased. Since the first case of COVID-19 was diagnosed in Milwaukee County on March 6, 2020, a total of 1,733,819 COVID-19 tests have been performed, with 1,592,532 negative results and 141,287 positive results. This represents a positive test rate of 8.1% since the beginning of the epidemic.

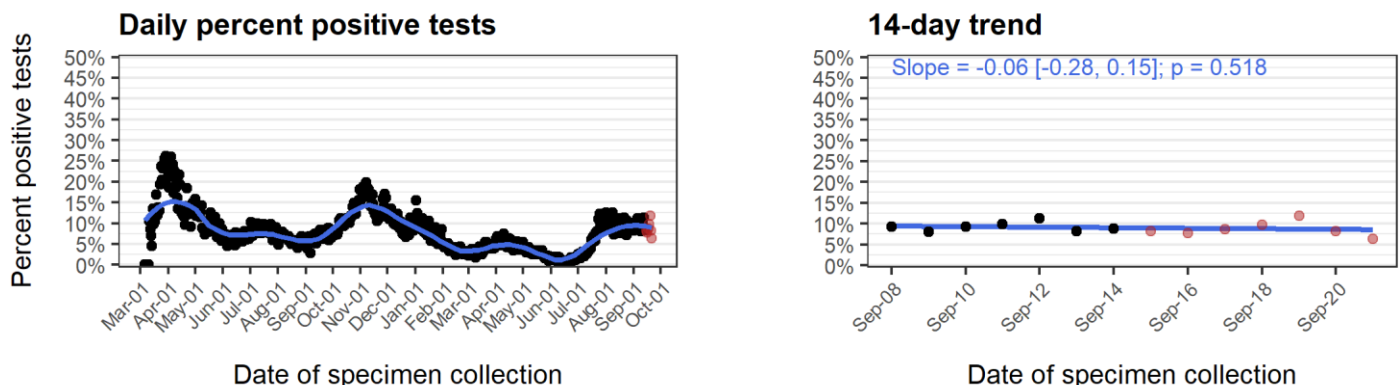
As shown in **Figure 11**, total tests per week increased until early July 2020 and then declined, with another increase starting in early September 2020 and peaking in early November, followed by a decline. Testing markedly decreased the weeks of Thanksgiving, Christmas, and the 2021 New Year. Testing then decreased until the summer 2021 surge in cases beginning in late June. As shown in **Figure 12**, the percentage of positive tests varied over the course of the epidemic, with a high of 25-30% in early April of 2020. The percentage of positive tests was 8.5% over the past week compared to 8.9% the previous week. **Figure 12** also illustrates the 14-day trend in the percent positive tests, showing no significant change. Percent positive should be interpreted in the context of potential data delays, and considering that data entry for positive tests is prioritized.

**Figure 11: Milwaukee County number of tests per week**



Data source: Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System (WEDSS)  
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**Figure 12: Milwaukee County percent positive tests**



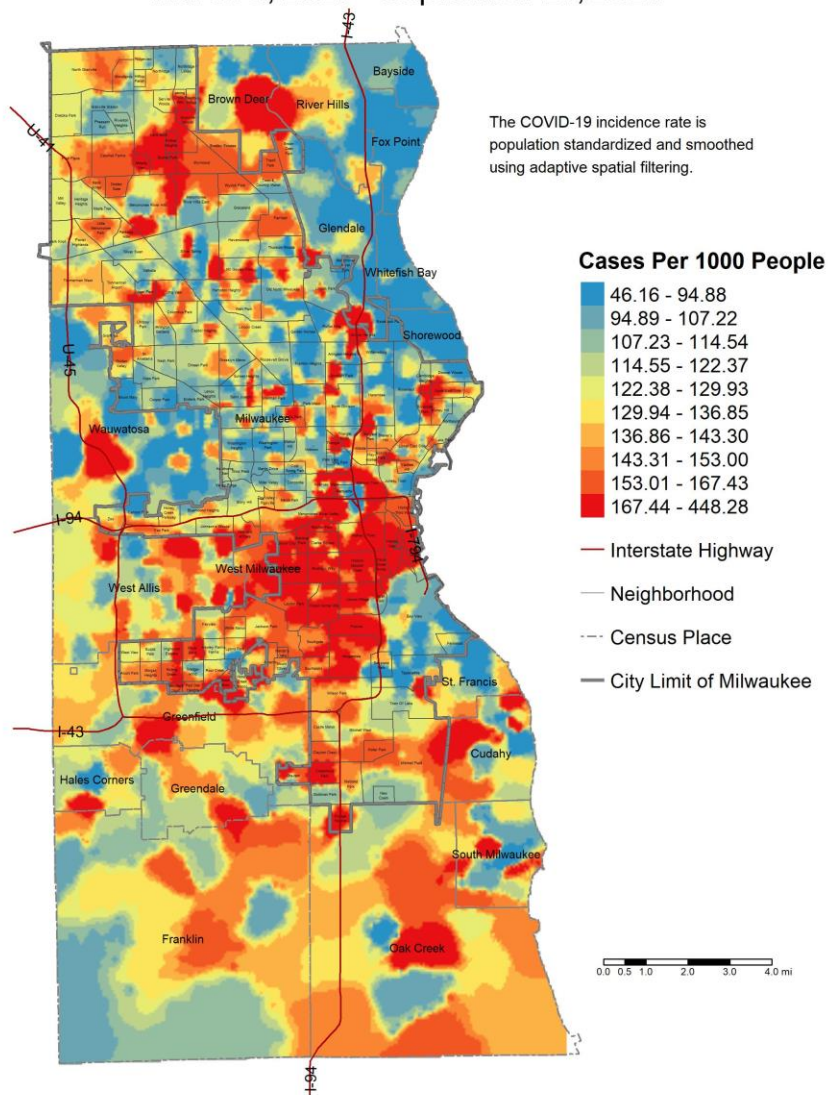
Data source: Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System (WEDSS)  
Created by the Milwaukee County COVID-19 Epidemiology Intel Team

## Spatial Patterns of Cases and Testing

COVID-19 spread is spatially patterned. **Map 1** below illustrates the cumulative burden (all confirmed cases) of COVID-19 in Milwaukee County. **Map 2** shows cases confirmed over the last two weeks. **Map 3** shows the overall testing rate across the population. **Map 4** shows the testing rate over the last two weeks. **Map 5** depicts the percentage of tests that were confirmed positive. **Map 6** shows cumulative COVID-19 related hospitalizations. **Map 7** shows the percentage of cases who have been hospitalized. **Map 8** shows the overall COVID-19 mortality rate, excluding cases and corresponding population denominators residing in group quarters such as nursing homes and long-term care facilities. All are crude rate maps created using census block group level COVID-19 data from WEDSS and population data from the US Census. The maps are smoothed to protect confidentiality and ensure that rates are stable while still providing geographic detail. Deciles are used to define categories. High rates are depicted in red with lower rates depicted in blue. Of note, some of the higher rates observed can be attributed to infections that have spread within group quarters, such as a nursing home, prison, or long-term care facility.

## Decile Map 1: All confirmed cases of COVID-19

### COVID-19 Incidence Rate March 6, 2020 - September 21, 2021



Method: A grid of points is used to estimate rates continuously across the map, based on the nearest cases with a minimum of 15 confirmed cases included.

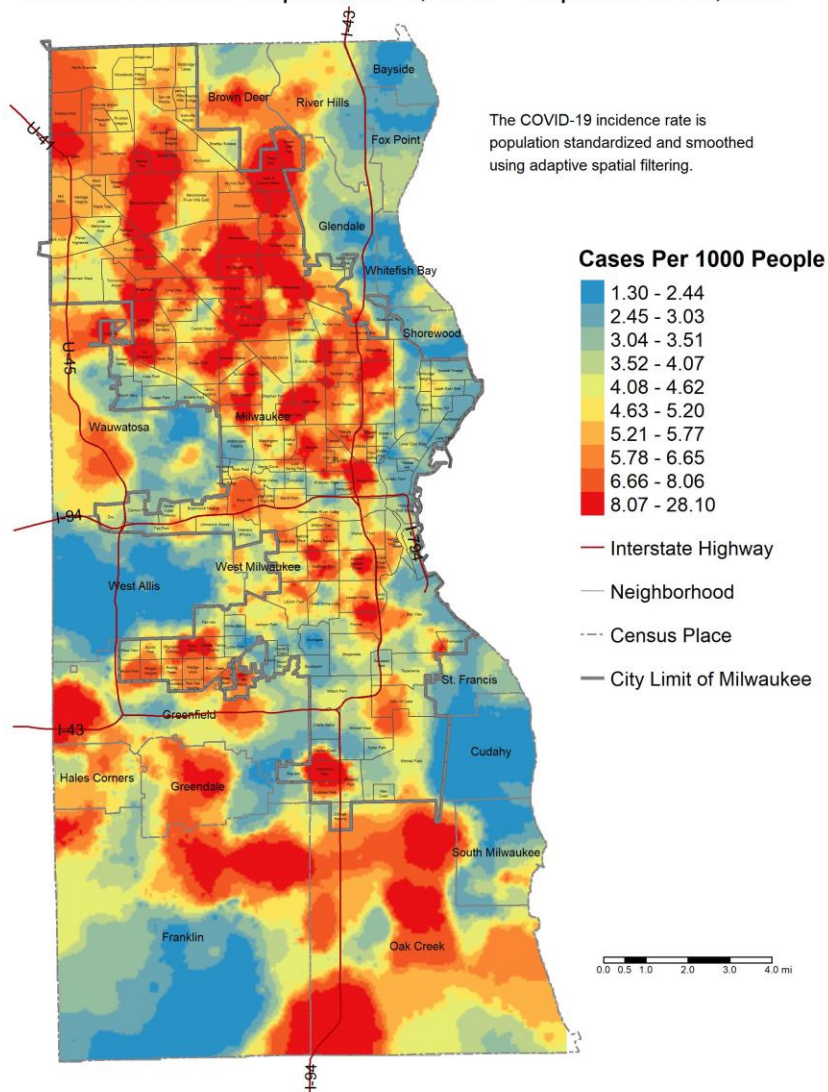
Data Sources: Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System (WEDSS) (incidence data)  
2018 American Community Survey (population data)  
City of Milwaukee Map Milwaukee Portal (neighborhood boundaries)  
Census Bureau TIGER/Line Shapefiles (census place boundaries)

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## Decile Map 2: Confirmed cases of COVID-19 within the last two weeks

### COVID-19 Incidence Rate Latest 2 Weeks September 8, 2021 - September 21, 2021



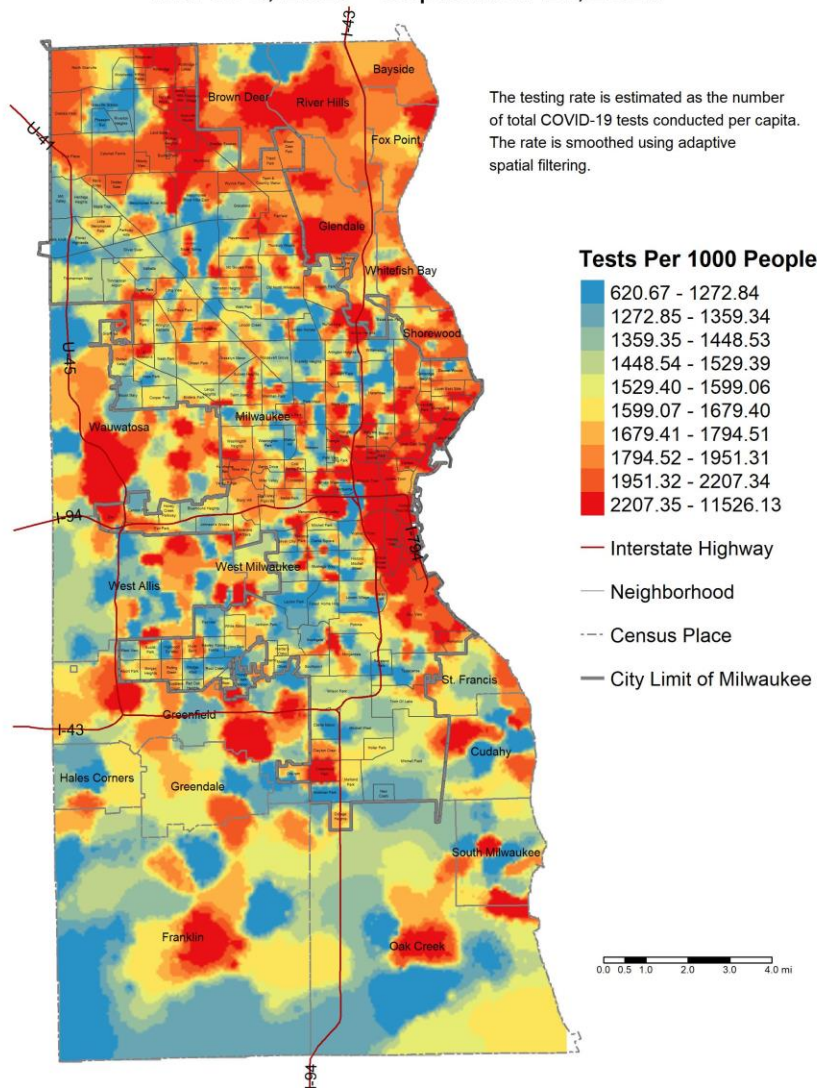
Method: A grid of points is used to estimate rates continuously across the map, based on the nearest cases with a minimum of 15 confirmed cases included.

Data Sources: Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System (WEDSS) (incidence data)  
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City of Milwaukee Map Milwaukee Portal (neighborhood boundaries)  
Census Bureau TIGER/Line Shapefiles (census place boundaries)

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## Decile Map 3: Overall testing rate

### COVID-19 Testing Rate March 6, 2020 - September 21, 2021



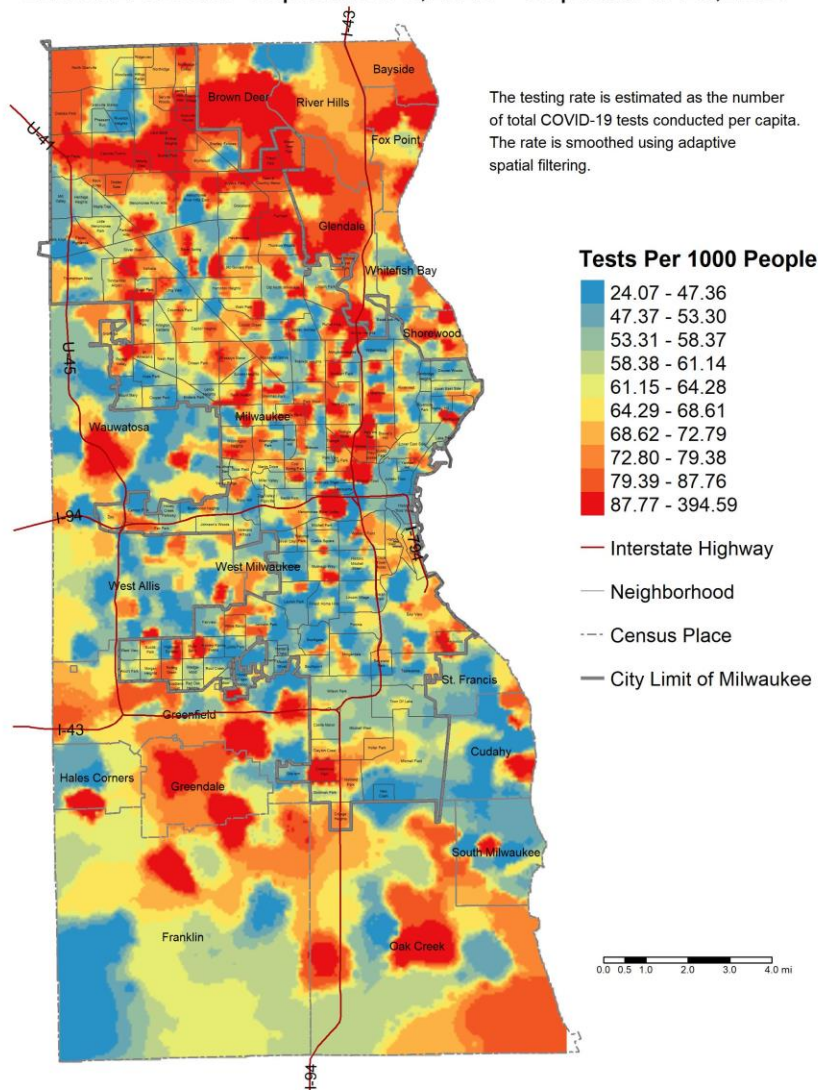
Method: A grid of points is used to estimate rates continuously across the map, based on the nearest cases with a minimum of 15 tests included.

Data Sources: Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System (WEDSS) (incidence data)  
2018 American Community Survey (population data)  
City of Milwaukee Map Milwaukee Portal (neighborhood boundaries)  
Census Bureau TIGER/Line Shapefiles (census place boundaries)

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## Decile Map 4: Testing rate within the last two weeks

### COVID-19 Testing Rate Latest 2 Weeks September 8, 2021 - September 21, 2021



Method: A grid of points is used to estimate rates continuously across the map, based on the nearest cases with a minimum of 15 tests included.

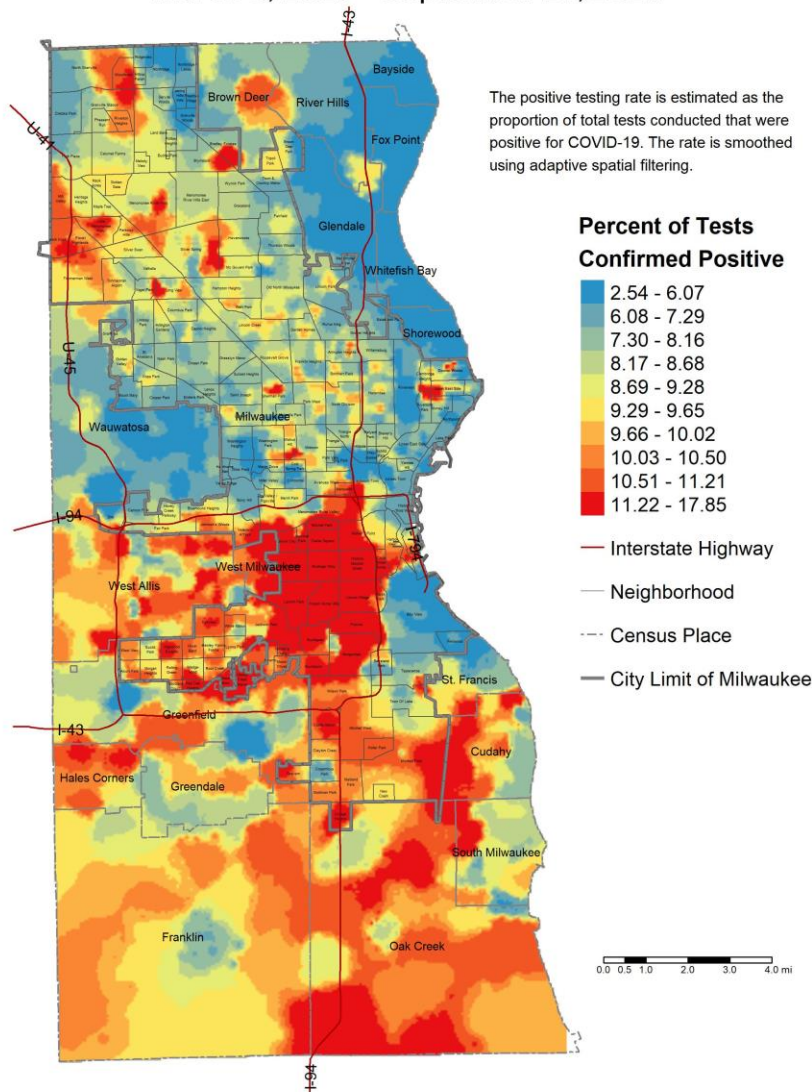
Data Sources: Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System (WEDSS) (incidence data)  
2018 American Community Survey (population data)  
City of Milwaukee Map Milwaukee Portal (neighborhood boundaries)  
Census Bureau TIGER/Line Shapefiles (census place boundaries)

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## Decile Map 5: Percentage of tests that were confirmed positive

### COVID-19 Positive Testing Rate March 6, 2020 - September 21, 2021



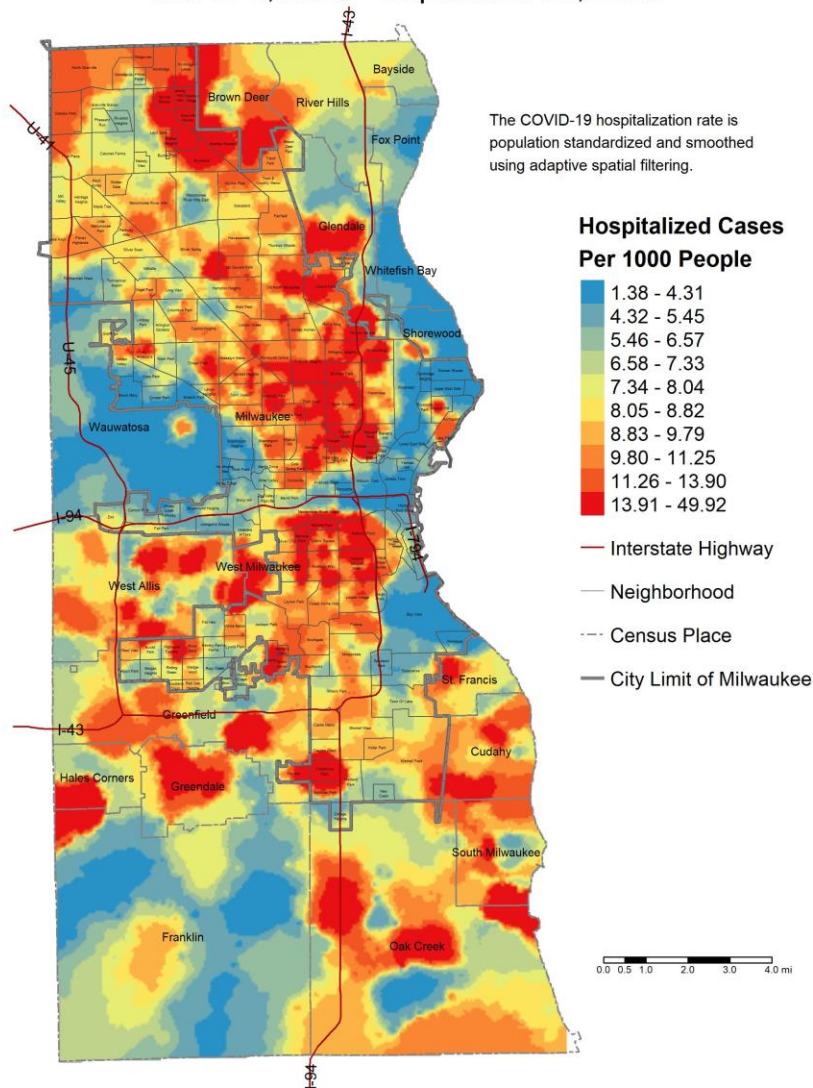
Method: A grid of points is used to estimate rates continuously across the map, based on the nearest cases with a minimum of 15 positive tests included.

Data Sources: Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System (WEDSS) (incidence data)  
2018 American Community Survey (population data)  
City of Milwaukee Map Milwaukee Portal (neighborhood boundaries)  
Census Bureau TIGER/Line Shapefiles (census place boundaries)

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## Decile Map 6: COVID-19 related hospitalizations

### COVID-19 Hospitalization Rate March 6, 2020 - September 21, 2021



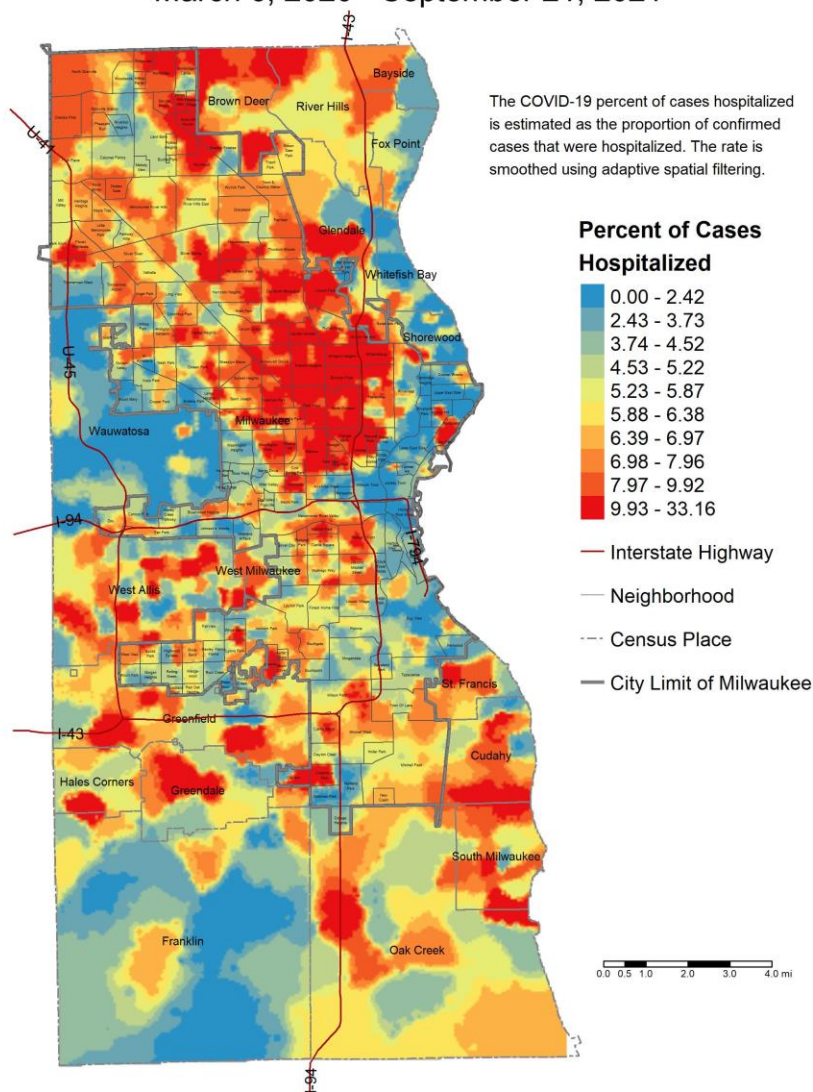
Method: A grid of points is used to estimate rates continuously across the map, based on the nearest cases with a minimum of 15 hospitalized cases included.

Data Sources: Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System (WEDSS) (incidence data)  
2018 American Community Survey (population data)  
City of Milwaukee Map Milwaukee Portal (neighborhood boundaries)  
Census Bureau TIGER/Line Shapefiles (census place boundaries)

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## Decile Map 7: Percentage of COVID-19 cases that were hospitalized

### COVID-19 Percent of Cases Hospitalized March 6, 2020 - September 21, 2021



Method: A grid of points is used to estimate rates continuously across the map, based on the nearest cases with a minimum of 15 confirmed cases included.

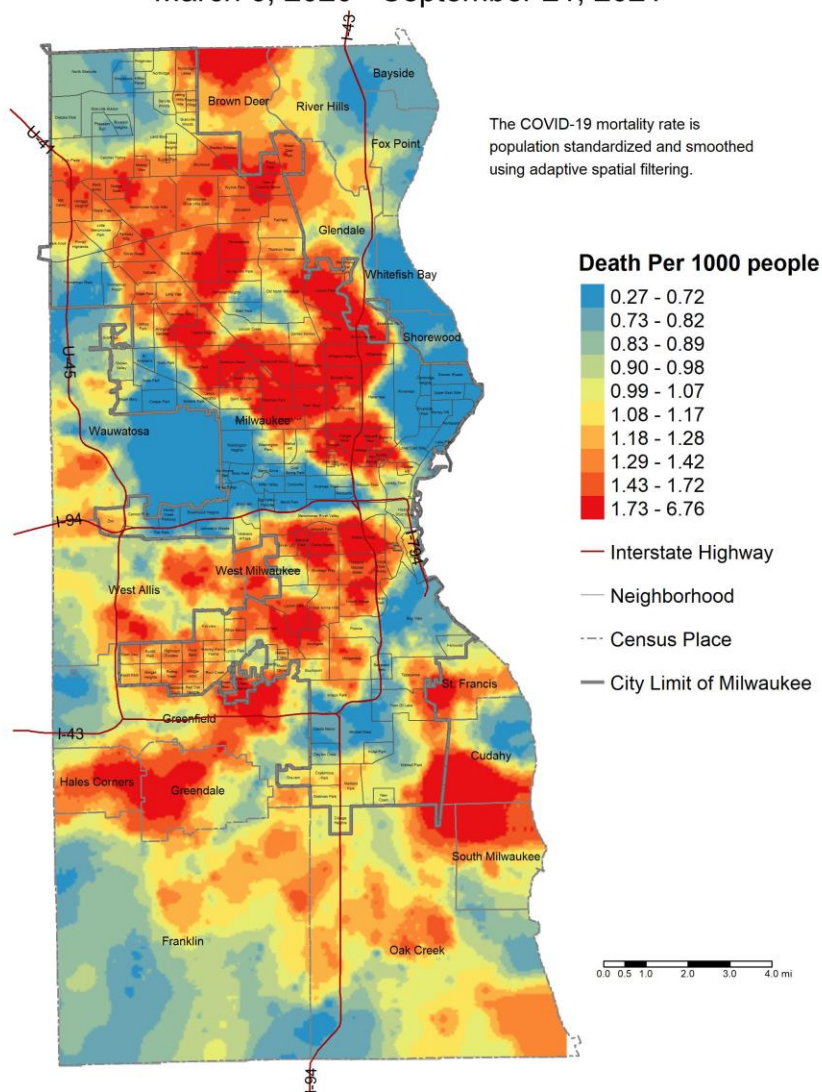
Data Sources: Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System (WEDSS) (incidence data)  
2018 American Community Survey (population data)  
City of Milwaukee Map Milwaukee Portal (neighborhood boundaries)  
Census Bureau TIGER/Line Shapefiles (census place boundaries)

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## Decile Map 8: COVID-19 mortality rate (group-quarter cases excluded)

### COVID-19 Mortality Rate March 6, 2020 - September 21, 2021



Method: A grid of points is used to estimate rates continuously across the map, based on the nearest cases with a minimum of 10 death cases included.

Data Sources: Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System (WEDSS) (incidence data)  
2018 American Community Survey (population data)  
City of Milwaukee Map Milwaukee Portal (neighborhood boundaries)  
Census Bureau TIGER/Line Shapefiles (census place boundaries)

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## Data Sources & Acknowledgments

This report was created by faculty and staff in the Medical College of Wisconsin (MCW) Institute for Health and Equity (IHE) in partnership with representatives from local health departments and faculty from the University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee Zilber School of Public Health. Data sources include the Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System (WEDSS), the US Census Bureau, the Milwaukee County Medical Examiner's office, the Emergency Medicine Resource, and publicly available data obtained from local health and emergency response agencies. Data from the Wisconsin Electronic Data Surveillance System (WEDSS) summarized for the week includes data from September 15, 2021 through September 21, 2021.

## Contact Information

For additional questions on this report, please contact Darren Rausch, Health Officer/Director, Greenfield Health Department, and Lead, Milwaukee County COVID-19 Epidemiology Intel Team:

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