



State of Wisconsin  
2017 - 2018 LEGISLATURE  
August 2017 Special Session

LRBs0103/1  
ALL:all

**ASSEMBLY SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT ,  
TO ASSEMBLY BILL 1**

1     **AN ACT** *to renumber* 196.192 (2) and 238.399 (4); *to renumber and amend*  
2         30.195 (7), 61.57, 62.155, 196.192 (1), 196.192 (3) (a), 196.192 (3) (b) and 196.192  
3         (4); *to amend* 30.123 (6m) (intro.), 66.1105 (2) (f) 1. (intro.), 66.1105 (4) (gm) 4.  
4         c., 67.05 (10), 71.05 (6) (a) 15., 71.08 (1) (intro.), 71.10 (4) (i), 71.21 (4) (a), 71.26  
5         (2) (a) 4., 71.30 (3) (f), 71.34 (1k) (g), 77.70, 84.0145 (2), 180.0622 (2), 183.0304  
6         (1), 196.491 (1) (f), 238.12 (1), 238.399 (3) (a), 238.399 (5m), 281.346 (4) (c) 2m.,  
7         281.36 (3b) (b) and 281.36 (3m) (a); and *to create* 16.297, 20.395 (6) (ad), 20.445  
8         (1) (bg), 20.505 (1) (fr), 20.835 (2) (cp), 20.866 (2) (uuz), 30.12 (1g) (m), 30.123  
9         (6) (f), 30.19 (1m) (h), 30.195 (7) (b), 61.57 (1) and (2), 62.155 (1) and (2), 66.0203  
10         (2) (bm), 66.0203 (10), 66.0215 (1m), 66.02162 (1m), 66.1105 (20), 67.05 (10m),  
11         71.07 (3w) (bm) 5., 71.07 (3wm), 71.28 (3w) (bm) 5., 71.28 (3wm), 73.0300, 77.54  
12         (65), 84.585, 106.271, 196.192 (1) (b), 196.192 (2m), 196.49 (5g) (ar) 3., 238.03  
13         (5), 238.396, 238.399 (3) (e), 238.399 (4) (b), 238.399 (5) (f) and 281.36 (4m) of

1 the statutes; **relating to:** authorizing the creation of an electronics and  
2 information technology manufacturing zone and, in connection with that zone,  
3 authorizing certain tax benefits, creating special provisions for tax incremental  
4 districts, creating exemptions from wetland and waterway permits and Public  
5 Service Commission certificates; making changes to the enterprise zone tax  
6 credit program; authorizing limited use of the design-build construction  
7 process; authorizing certain counties to issue debt backed by sales and use tax  
8 revenue; facilitating a worker training and employment program; making  
9 changes to town incorporation procedures; granting contingent highway  
10 bonding authority; and making appropriations.

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### *Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau*

#### **ELECTRONICS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY MANUFACTURING ZONE**

This substitute amendment authorizes the Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation to create not more than one electronics and information technology manufacturing zone.

#### ***Tax credits***

Under the substitute amendment, WEDC may certify certain businesses to claim income and franchise tax credits if a business begins operations in the electronics and information technology manufacturing zone. WEDC may certify such a business for additional income and franchise tax credits, subject to certain limitations, if the business makes a significant capital expenditure in the zone. If the amount of the credit exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability, the taxpayer receives a refund equal to the excess amount. The total amount of all tax credits WEDC may certify under the substitute amendment is \$2,850,000,000. WEDC may seek repayment of tax credits under circumstances specified in the substitute amendment, and WEDC must revoke a certification to claim tax credits if a certified business does any of the following:

1. Supplies false or misleading information to obtain the tax credits.
2. Leaves the electronics and information technology manufacturing zone to conduct substantially the same business outside the zone.
3. Ceases operations in the electronics and information technology manufacturing zone and does not renew operation of the business or a similar business in the zone within 12 months.

### ***Sales and use tax exemption***

The substitute amendment creates a sales and use tax exemption for the sale of building materials, supplies, and equipment used to construct facilities located in an electronics and information technology manufacturing zone if the capital expenditures for constructing the facilities may be claimed as income and franchise tax credits as certified by WEDC.

### ***Tax incremental financing districts***

The substitute amendment creates special provisions that apply to certain tax incremental financing districts (TIDs) if WEDC creates an electronics and information technology manufacturing zone, and a city or village creates a TID that includes the zone.

Under the current tax incremental financing program, a city or village may create a TID in part of its territory to foster development under certain conditions. Currently, towns and counties also have a limited ability to create a TID under certain limited circumstances. Before a city or village may create a TID, several steps and plans are required. These steps and plans include public hearings on the proposed TID within specified time frames, adoption of a resolution, submission of documents to the Department of Revenue within specified time frames, and the preparation and adoption by the local planning commission of a proposed project plan for the TID.

Generally, if a resolution creating a TID is adopted between January 2 and September 30, the TID is considered to have been created on the previous January 1, and if a resolution creating a TID is adopted between October 1 and December 31, its creation date is considered to be the following January 1. In addition, forms required by DOR must be submitted to the department by October 31 of the year in which the TID is created.

Also under current law, once a TID has been created, DOR calculates the “tax incremental base” value of the TID, which is the equalized value of all taxable property within the TID at the time of its creation. If the development in the TID increases the value of the property in the TID above the base value, a value increment is created. That portion of taxes collected on the value increment in excess of the base value is called a “tax increment” and is placed in a fund that may be used only to pay back the project costs of the TID.

The project costs of a TID, which are initially incurred by the creating city or village, include public works such as sewers, streets, and lighting systems; financing costs; site preparation costs; and professional service costs. DOR authorizes the allocation of the tax increments until the TID terminates or, generally, 20 years, 23 years, or 27 years after the TID is created, depending on the type of TID and the year in which it was created. Also under current law, a city or village may not generally make expenditures for project costs later than five years before the unextended termination date of the TID. Under certain circumstances, the life of the TID, the expenditure period, and the allocation period may be extended.

Generally, under current law, expenditures for project costs must be spent within the boundaries of the TID, although limited exceptions allow expenditures to be made within a one-half-mile radius of the TID’s boundaries. Also, with regard

to TIDs created after September 30, 2004, the territory of which is mostly suitable for industrial sites or mixed-use development, the TIDs must generally terminate not later than 20 years after their creation.

Subject to a number of exceptions, under current law, the equalized value of taxable property of a new or amended TID plus the value increment of all existing TIDs may not exceed 12 percent of the total equalized value of taxable property in the city or village.

Under this substitute amendment, for TIDs that are created in an area that includes an electronics and information technology manufacturing zone (zone), a number of exceptions apply to the normal provisions governing TIDs, including the following:

1. The TID that is created must be an industrial site or mixed-use TID.
2. If the resolution creating the TID is adopted between January 1 and December 1, the creating city or village may decide if the TID is considered to have been created on the January 1 of the year in which the resolution is adopted or on the following January 1, and the forms required by DOR must be submitted before December 31 of the year in which the resolution is adopted or between the following April 1 and the following December 1, depending on the TID's creation date.
3. The 12 percent rule regarding the total equalized value for taxable property in the city or village does not apply to the creation of the TID that includes a zone, and if the creating city or village then creates another TID, the value increment of the TID that includes the zone is not included in the calculation under the 12 percent rule for that new TID.
4. Subject to a number of limitations, the city or village creating the TID may incur expenditures for project costs for any territory that is located in the same county in which the TID is located, provided that the expenditure benefits the TID, and may incur project costs for fire stations, police and fire equipment, and general government operations.
5. Instead of limiting to 20 years the period during which DOR may allocate positive tax increments, the allocation period is 30 years.
6. Instead of requiring the TID to terminate no later than 20 years after creation, the TID must terminate within 30 years after it is created.
7. Instead of limiting the time period during which expenditures may be made to no later than five years before the termination date of the TID, expenditures may be made up to the termination date.

### ***County bonding***

The substitute amendment authorizes a county in which a zone is located to issue bonds whose principal and interest are paid only through sales and use tax revenue. Currently, such county debt may be paid only by property tax revenue. Also under current law, county sales tax revenue may be used only for the purpose of directly reducing the county property tax levy.

### ***Town incorporation as a city or village***

Once residents of a town file with the circuit court, or the town clerk, a petition to incorporate as a city or village, and once certain town boards initiate a procedure to incorporate as a village, the substitute amendment prohibits any city or village

from annexing any of that town's territory until 30 days after the petition is dismissed, all appeals of the petition dismissal are exhausted, or an incorporation referendum is held in the town.

The substitute amendment also authorizes a town that is adjacent to a city or village that contains a zone to incorporate as a city or village if the town approves an incorporation referendum. None of the current law procedures, including hearings, circuit court review, and incorporation review board analysis, apply to such a town's incorporation procedure.

***Environmental impact statements***

Under current law, all state agencies are required to prepare environmental impact statements for every recommendation or report on proposals for legislation and other major actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment. A state agency is required to consider an environmental impact statement in its decision-making process, but the statement has no regulatory consequence. Current federal law under the National Environmental Policy Act also requires federal agencies to prepare an environmental impact statement for any major federal action, including for federal permits that are necessary for actions in the state. Under the substitute amendment, a determination regarding the issuance of any permit or approval for a new manufacturing facility within an electronics and information technology manufacturing zone is not a major action for the purpose of the environmental impact statement requirement.

***Wetlands and waterway permits exemption***

Under federal law, activities involving the discharge of dredged or fill material into "navigable waters" must comply with certain guidelines contained in regulations promulgated by the federal Environmental Protection Agency in order for a discharge permit to be issued by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (ACE). Before ACE may issue a permit, the Department of Natural Resources must determine that the project complies with state water quality standards, including those for wetlands (water quality certification). Federal law defines "navigable waters" to be "the waters of the United States." Generally, courts have interpreted "the waters of the United States" to exclude nonnavigable, isolated, intrastate waters (nonfederal wetlands).

Under current state law, subject to exceptions, no person may discharge dredged material or fill material into a federal or nonfederal wetland unless the discharge is authorized by a wetland general permit or individual permit or the discharge is exempt from permitting requirements. Current law requires DNR to issue wetland general permits for discharges of dredged or fill material into certain federal and nonfederal wetlands. For a discharge into a wetland that is not authorized under a wetland general permit, current law requires a person to apply for and obtain a wetland individual permit. Before DNR may issue a wetland individual permit, it must require the restoration, enhancement, creation, or preservation of other wetlands to compensate for adverse impacts to a wetland resulting from the discharge, also known as mitigation. Under current law, a wetland general or individual permit issued by DNR constitutes water quality certification.

Under this substitute amendment, a person may, without a permit, discharge dredged material or fill material into a nonfederal wetland that is located in an electronics and information technology manufacturing zone if the discharge is related to the construction, access, or operation of a new manufacturing facility that is also located in the zone. With respect to a federal wetland located in an electronics and information technology manufacturing zone, the substitute amendment provides that no state permit is required and that the state waives water quality certification. Under the substitute amendment, a federal permit for such a discharge is still required. The substitute amendment requires any adverse impacts to functional values of federal or nonfederal wetlands in an electronics and information technology manufacturing zone to be compensated at a ratio of two acres per each acre impacted through the purchase of credits from a mitigation bank, participation in the in lieu fee subprogram or escrow subprogram administered by DNR, or completion of mitigation within this state. Under current law, the general minimum ratio is 1.2 acres for each acre affected by the discharge. If compensation occurs through participation in the in lieu fee subprogram, the substitute amendment requires DNR to identify and consider mitigation that could be conducted within the same watershed and authorizes locating mitigation outside the watershed only upon agreement of DNR and the person exempt from wetland permitting.

Under current law, subject to exceptions, no person may do any of the following without a permit issued by DNR: 1) deposit any material or place any structure upon the bed of any navigable water where no bulkhead line has been established or beyond a lawfully established bulkhead line; 2) construct or maintain a bridge or construct, place, or maintain a culvert in, on, or over navigable waters; 3) construct, dredge, or enlarge any artificial water body that connects with an existing navigable waterway; 4) construct or enlarge any part of an artificial water body that is or will be located within 500 feet of the ordinary high-water mark of, but that does not or will not connect with, an existing navigable waterway; 5) grade or remove topsoil from the bank of any navigable waterway where the area exposed by the grading or removal will exceed 10,000 square feet; or 6) change the course of or straighten a navigable stream.

Under the substitute amendment, DNR generally may not require a permit for any of these activities if they relate to the construction, access, or operation of a new manufacturing facility located in an electronics and information technology manufacturing zone. However, the substitute amendment provides that DNR may require a permit for the construction or maintenance of bridges and the construction or placement and maintenance of culverts in a zone if DNR determines that conditions specific to the site require restrictions in order to prevent significant adverse impacts to the public rights and interests, environmental pollution, or material injury to the riparian rights of any riparian owner.

### ***Department of Natural Resources oversight***

Except as otherwise specifically provided, the substitute amendment requires DNR to ensure that the conditions of applicable permits, licenses, and approvals under DNR's jurisdiction are met for all activities related to the construction, access, or operation of a new manufacturing facility within an electronics and information

technology manufacturing zone, including permits, licenses, and approvals required under current law and any associated rules promulgated by DNR.

***Public Service Commission certificates and market-based rates***

This substitute amendment exempts public utility projects that primarily serve a new customer within an electronics and information technology manufacturing zone from obtaining a certificate of authority from the Public Service Commission, which current law generally requires for construction, improvement, and other projects of public utilities. The substitute amendment also exempts transmission line relocations within such a zone from obtaining a certificate of public convenience and necessity from the PSC, which current law generally requires before beginning construction of high-voltage transmission lines and associated facilities.

The substitute amendment also requires an electric public utility that provides service to an electronics and information technology manufacturing zone to file tariffs with the PSC for market-based pricing and options for a new retail customer within the zone that the PSC determines is eligible for the electronics and information technology manufacturing zone credit created by the substitute amendment. The substitute amendment requires the tariffs to be filed no later than January 1, 2020. The substitute amendment specifies requirements that must be included in the tariffs and requires the PSC to approve rates that are consistent with those requirements.

***Grants to local governments***

This substitute amendment authorizes the Department of Administration to make grants to local governmental units for costs associated with development in an electronics and information technology manufacturing zone, including costs related to infrastructure and public safety. DOA may require a local governmental unit to match a grant in whole or in part.

**CONTINGENT HIGHWAY BONDING AUTHORIZATION**

This substitute amendment authorizes the state to contract up to \$252,400,000 in general obligation public debt for the I 94 north-south corridor project. The Department of Transportation, however, may not expend the proceeds of these bonds unless the state receives an award of federal moneys for the project and the joint committee on finance approves the expenditure.

**DESIGN-BUILD CONSTRUCTION**

This substitute amendment authorizes a city or village in which an electronics and information technology manufacturing zone is located to contract for the acquisition of water and sewer systems and wastewater treatment facilities using the design-build system. Under this system, the city or village invites developers to submit proposals to provide completed projects in these areas without following the bidding requirements for public works projects that would otherwise apply. Current law authorizes the use of this system by any city, village, or county for the acquisition of recycling or resource recovery facilities.

**ENTERPRISE ZONES**

Under current law, WEDC may designate areas within the state as “enterprise zones.” WEDC may certify a business in an enterprise zone to receive income and

franchise tax credits if the business creates or retains jobs in the enterprise zone, subject to several limitations. The substitute amendment makes the following changes to the enterprise zone tax credit program:

1. Authorizes WEDC to increase from 30 to 35 the number of designated enterprise zones.

2. Authorizes WEDC to cancel the designation of an enterprise zone if WEDC revokes all certifications for tax credits within the zone. WEDC may designate a new enterprise zone if it cancels an existing zone designation.

3. Authorizes WEDC to designate a new enterprise zone if an existing enterprise zone expires. Under current law, an enterprise zone designation expires after 12 years.

4. Authorizes WEDC to certify for enterprise zone tax credits a financial services technology business that, after completing a competitive corporate relocation process, retains its corporate headquarters and at least 93 percent of its full-time employees, as determined by WEDC, in Wisconsin.

#### **NEW POSITIONS RELATED TO ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT**

This substitute amendment creates an economic development liaison project position in the unclassified service of the state civil service. The substitute amendment also requires WEDC to hire a full-time employee to be known as the electronics manufacturing small business development director. The director's duties include coordinating with the economic development liaison in the department of administration and providing outreach to local economic development organizations. Both of those positions sunset as of December 31, 2022.

#### **WORKER TRAINING AND EMPLOYMENT PROGRAM**

This substitute amendment requires the Department of Workforce Development to allocate funding in the 2019-21 fiscal biennium for a program to facilitate worker training and employment. In implementing the program, DWD is required to consult the Technical College System Board and WEDC.

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*The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:*

1           **SECTION 2.** 16.297 of the statutes is created to read:

2           **16.297 Grants for local government expenditures; moral obligation**  
3 **pledge. (1) DEFINITIONS.** In this section:

4           (a) "Local governmental unit" means a city, village, town, or county that  
5 contains any part of an electronics and information technology manufacturing zone  
6 designated under s. 238.396 (1m).



1 (b) “Municipal obligation” has the meaning given in s. 67.01 (6).

2 (1m) GRANTS. From the appropriation under s. 20.505 (1) (fr), the department  
3 may make one or more grants to a local governmental unit for the local governmental  
4 unit’s expenditures for costs the department determines are associated with  
5 development occurring in an electronics and information technology manufacturing  
6 zone designated under s. 238.396 (1m), including costs related to infrastructure and  
7 public safety.

8 (2) MATCH. The department may require a local governmental unit to match  
9 in whole or in part a grant the department makes to the local governmental unit  
10 under sub. (1m).

11 (2m) CONTRACT. The secretary may contract with a local governmental unit to  
12 implement subs. (1m) and (2).

13 (3) MORAL OBLIGATION PLEDGE. (a) Recognizing its moral obligation to do so, the  
14 legislature expresses its expectation and aspiration that, if ever called upon to do so,  
15 it shall make an appropriation to pay the principal and interest of a local  
16 governmental unit’s municipal obligations, if all of the following apply:

17 1. The local governmental unit’s municipal obligation is issued to finance costs  
18 related to development occurring in or for the benefit of an electronics and  
19 information technology manufacturing zone designated under s. 238.396 (1m).

20 2. The secretary designates the moral obligation pledge for the local  
21 governmental unit’s municipal obligation before the municipal obligation is issued,  
22 based on a plan that the local governmental unit shall submit to the department on  
23 a form prescribed by the department.

1 (b) No more than 40 percent of a local governmental unit's aggregate municipal  
2 obligations under par. (a) shall be subject to the moral obligation pledge under that  
3 paragraph.

4 (c) The proceeds of municipal obligations issued by a local governmental unit  
5 under this subsection shall be used to finance costs related to development occurring  
6 in or for the benefit of an electronics and information technology manufacturing zone  
7 designated under s. 238.396 (1m). The legislature determines that the provision of  
8 assistance by state agencies to a local governmental unit under this section, any  
9 appropriation of funds to a local governmental unit under this section, and the moral  
10 obligation pledge under par. (a) serve a substantial statewide public purpose by  
11 assisting the development of an electronics and information technology  
12 manufacturing zone in the state, by encouraging economic development, by reducing  
13 unemployment, and by bringing needed capital into the state for the benefit and  
14 welfare of people throughout the state.

15 **SECTION 3.** 20.005 (3) (schedule) of the statutes: at the appropriate place, insert  
16 the following amounts for the purposes indicated:

**2017-18      2018-19**

17 **20.445 Workforce development, department of**

18 (1) WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT

19 (bg) Worker training and employ-

20 ment program

GPR C

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	<b>2017-18</b>	<b>2018-19</b>
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**20.505 Administration, department of**

(1) SUPERVISION AND MANAGEMENT

(fr) Grants for local government

expenditures	GPR	C	10,000,000	-0-
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**SECTION 4.** 20.395 (6) (ad) of the statutes is created to read:

20.395 **(6)** (ad) *Principal repayment and interest, contingent funding of southeast Wisconsin freeway megaprojects, state funds.* From the general fund, a sum sufficient to reimburse s. 20.866 (1) (u) for the payment of principal and interest costs incurred in financing southeast Wisconsin freeway megaprojects, as provided under ss. 20.866 (2) (uuz) and 84.585 and 2017 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), section 60 (1), and to make payments under an agreement or ancillary arrangement entered into under s. 18.06 (8) (a).

**SECTION 4m.** 20.445 (1) (bg) of the statutes is created to read:

20.445 **(1)** (bg) *Worker training and employment program.* As a continuing appropriation, the amounts in the schedule for the worker training and employment program under s. 106.271.

**SECTION 5.** 20.505 (1) (fr) of the statutes is created to read:

20.505 **(1)** (fr) *Grants for local government expenditures.* As a continuing appropriation, the amounts in the schedule for grants to local governmental units under s. 16.297.

**SECTION 6.** 20.835 (2) (cp) of the statutes is created to read:

1           20.835 (2) (cp) *Electronics and information technology manufacturing zone*  
2 *credit*. A sum sufficient to make the payments under ss. 71.07 (3wm) (d) 2. and 71.28  
3 (3wm) (d) 2.

4           **SECTION 7.** 20.866 (2) (uuz) of the statutes is created to read:

5           20.866 (2) (uuz) *Transportation; southeast Wisconsin freeway megaprojects*  
6 *subject to contingency*. From the capital improvement fund, a sum sufficient for the  
7 department of transportation to fund southeast Wisconsin freeway megaprojects as  
8 provided under s. 84.585. Subject to 2017 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), section 60 (1),  
9 the state may contract public debt in an amount not to exceed \$252,400,000 for these  
10 purposes.

11           **SECTION 9.** 30.12 (1g) (m) of the statutes is created to read:

12           30.12 (1g) (m) A structure or deposit that is related to the construction, access,  
13 or operation of a new manufacturing facility in a navigable stream located in an  
14 electronics and information technology manufacturing zone designated under s.  
15 238.396 (1m).

16           **SECTION 10.** 30.123 (6) (f) of the statutes is created to read:

17           30.123 (6) (f) The construction or maintenance of bridges and the construction  
18 or placement and maintenance of culverts that are related to the construction,  
19 access, or operation of a new manufacturing facility and that affect a portion of a  
20 navigable stream within an electronics and information technology manufacturing  
21 zone designated under s. 238.396 (1m).

22           **SECTION 11.** 30.123 (6m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

23           30.123 (6m) PERMITS IN LIEU OF EXEMPTIONS. (intro.) The department may  
24 decide to require that a person engaged in an activity that is exempt under sub. (6)  
25 (d) or (f) apply for an individual permit or seek authorization under a general permit

1 if the department has conducted an investigation and visited the site of the activity  
2 and has determined that conditions specific to the site require restrictions on the  
3 activity in order to prevent any of the following:

4 **SECTION 12.** 30.19 (1m) (h) of the statutes is created to read:

5 30.19 **(1m)** (h) Any activity that affects a portion of a navigable stream and that  
6 is related to the construction, access, or operation of a new manufacturing facility  
7 within an electronics and information technology manufacturing zone designated  
8 under s. 238.396 (1m).

9 **SECTION 13.** 30.195 (7) of the statutes is renumbered 30.195 (7) (intro.) and  
10 amended to read:

11 30.195 **(7)** APPLICATION OF SECTION. (intro.) This section does not apply to  
12 municipal any of the following:

13 (a) Municipal or county-owned lands in counties having a population of  
14 750,000 or more.

15 **SECTION 14.** 30.195 (7) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

16 30.195 **(7)** (b) Activity related to the construction, access, or operation of a new  
17 manufacturing facility located in an electronics and information technology  
18 manufacturing zone designated under s. 238.396 (1m).

19 **SECTION 15.** 61.57 of the statutes is renumbered 61.57 (intro.) and amended  
20 to read:

21 **61.57 Acquisition of ~~recycling or resource recovery~~ facilities without**  
22 **bids.** (intro.) A village may contract for the acquisition of any element of ~~a recycling~~  
23 ~~or resource recovery facility~~ the following without submitting the contract for bids  
24 as required under s. 61.54 if the village invites developers to submit proposals to

1 provide a completed project and evaluates proposals according to site, cost, design  
2 and the developers' experience in other similar projects.;

3 **SECTION 16.** 61.57 (1) and (2) of the statutes are created to read:

4 61.57 (1) A recycling or resource recovery facility.

5 (2) If the village contains an electronics and information technology  
6 manufacturing zone that is designated under s. 238.396 (1m):

7 (a) Water and sewer systems.

8 (b) Wastewater treatment facilities.

9 **SECTION 17.** 62.155 of the statutes is renumbered 62.155 (intro.) and amended  
10 to read:

11 **62.155 Acquisition of recycling or resource recovery facilities without**  
12 **bids.** (intro.) A city may contract for the acquisition of any element of ~~a recycling~~  
13 ~~or resource recovery facility~~ the following without submitting the contract for bids  
14 as required under s. 62.15 if the city invites developers to submit proposals to provide  
15 a completed project and evaluates proposals according to site, cost, design and the  
16 developers' experience in other similar projects.;

17 **SECTION 18.** 62.155 (1) and (2) of the statutes are created to read:

18 62.155 (1) A recycling or resource recovery facility.

19 (2) If the city contains an electronics and information technology  
20 manufacturing zone that is designated under s. 238.396 (1m):

21 (a) Water and sewer systems.

22 (b) Wastewater treatment facilities.

23 **SECTION 18d.** 66.0203 (2) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

1           66.0203 (2) (bm) Once a petition is filed under par. (b), no territory within the  
2 town may be annexed by any city or village under s. 66.0217 or 66.0219 until 30 days  
3 after one of the following occurs:

4           1. Subject to subd. 2., the petition is dismissed by the court under sub. (8) or  
5 the board under sub. (9).

6           2. If the petition is dismissed as described under subd. 1. and the dismissal is  
7 appealed as described under s. 66.0209, all appeals are exhausted.

8           3. An incorporation referendum is held in the town.

9           **SECTION 18e.** 66.0203 (10) of the statutes is created to read:

10           66.0203 (10) CERTAIN TOWNS MAY BECOME A CITY OR VILLAGE. A town that is  
11 adjacent to a city or village that contains an electronics and information technology  
12 manufacturing zone that is designated under s. 238.396 (1m) may become a city or  
13 village if the town holds, and approves, an incorporation referendum as described in  
14 s. 66.0211 (3). None of the other procedures contained in ss. 66.0201 to 66.0213 need  
15 to be fulfilled, and no approval by the board under s. 66.0207 is necessary for the town  
16 to become a city or village.

17           **SECTION 18g.** 66.0215 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:

18           66.0215 (1m) ANNEXATION LIMITATION. Once a petition is filed under sub. (1),  
19 no territory within the town may be annexed by any city or village under s. 66.0217  
20 or 66.0219 until 30 days after the referendum is held in the town.

21           **SECTION 18i.** 66.02162 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:

22           66.02162 (1m) ANNEXATION LIMITATION. Once a resolution is adopted under sub.  
23 (1), no territory within the town may be annexed by any city or village under s.  
24 66.0217 or 66.0219 until 30 days after the referendum is held in the town.

25           **SECTION 19.** 66.1105 (2) (f) 1. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

1           66.1105 (2) (f) 1. (intro.) “Project costs” mean any expenditures made or  
2           estimated to be made or monetary obligations incurred or estimated to be incurred  
3           by the city which are listed in a project plan as costs of public works or improvements  
4           within a tax incremental district or, to the extent provided in this subd. 1. (intro.) or  
5           subds. 1. k., 1. m., and 1. n., or sub. (20) (c), without the district, plus any incidental  
6           costs, diminished by any income, special assessments, or other revenues, including  
7           user fees or charges, other than tax increments, received or reasonably expected to  
8           be received by the city in connection with the implementation of the plan. For any  
9           tax incremental district for which a project plan is approved on or after July 31, 1981,  
10          only a proportionate share of the costs permitted under this subdivision may be  
11          included as project costs to the extent that they benefit the tax incremental district,  
12          except that expenditures made or estimated to be made or monetary obligations  
13          incurred or estimated to be incurred by a 1st class city, to fund parking facilities  
14          ancillary to and within one mile from public entertainment facilities, including a  
15          sports and entertainment arena, shall be considered to benefit any tax incremental  
16          district located in whole or in part within a one-mile radius of such parking facilities.  
17          To the extent the costs benefit the municipality outside the tax incremental district,  
18          a proportionate share of the cost is not a project cost. “Project costs” include:

19           **SECTION 20.** 66.1105 (4) (gm) 4. c. of the statutes is amended to read:

20           66.1105 (4) (gm) 4. c. Except as provided in subs. (10) (c), (16) (d), (17), and (18)  
21           (c) 3., and (20) (b), the equalized value of taxable property of the district plus the  
22           value increment of all existing districts does not exceed 12 percent of the total  
23           equalized value of taxable property within the city. In determining the equalized  
24           value of taxable property under this subd. 4. c. or sub. (17) (c), the department of  
25           revenue shall base its calculations on the most recent equalized value of taxable



1 property of the district that is reported under s. 70.57 (1m) before the date on which  
2 the resolution under this paragraph is adopted. If the department of revenue  
3 determines that a local legislative body exceeds the 12 percent limit described in this  
4 subd. 4. c. or sub. (17) (c), the department shall notify the city of its noncompliance,  
5 in writing, not later than December 31 of the year in which the department receives  
6 the completed application or amendment forms described in sub. (5) (b).

7 **SECTION 21.** 66.1105 (20) of the statutes is created to read:

8 66.1105 (20) DISTRICTS WITHIN AN ELECTRONICS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY  
9 MANUFACTURING ZONE. (a) *Creation.* With regard to a tax incremental district that  
10 is created in an electronics and information technology manufacturing zone that is  
11 designated under s. 238.396 (1m), the district may only be a district that is suitable  
12 for industrial sites or mixed-use development, as described in sub. (4) (gm) 4. a., and  
13 all of the following apply:

14 1. Notwithstanding the dates specified in sub. (4) (gm) 2., if the resolution  
15 described under sub. (4) (gm) is adopted during the period between January 1 and  
16 December 1, the creation date shall be either the January 1 of the year in which the  
17 resolution is adopted or the next subsequent January 1, as specified by the local  
18 legislative body in the resolution. If a resolution is adopted during the period  
19 between December 2 and December 31, the creation date shall be the next  
20 subsequent January 1.

21 2. Notwithstanding the October 31 deadline for the city clerk's submission of  
22 the forms described in sub. (5) (b), the city clerk shall complete and submit the  
23 required forms for a tax incremental district described in this subsection either:

24 a. On or before December 31 of the year the resolution under subd. 1. is adopted  
25 if the resolution is adopted between January 1 and December 1, and the resolution

1 specifies that the district's creation date is January 1 of the year in which the  
2 resolution is adopted.

3 b. On or after the next subsequent April 1 and before the next subsequent  
4 December 1 of the year the resolution under subd. 1. is adopted if the resolution is  
5 adopted between January 1 and December 1 and the resolution specifies that the  
6 district's creation date is the next subsequent January 1 or the resolution is adopted  
7 between December 2 and December 31.

8 (b) *Exception to the 12 percent limit.* Notwithstanding the 12 percent limit  
9 findings requirement described under sub. (4) (gm) 4. c.:

10 1. That findings requirement does not apply to a local legislative body's  
11 resolution which relates to a district described under this subsection.

12 2. After a local legislative body's creation of a district described under this  
13 subsection, if that body makes the calculation under sub. (4) (gm) 4. c. for a tax  
14 incremental district created under this section but not under this subsection, that  
15 findings requirement may not include the value increment of the district created  
16 under this subsection, provided that the district created under this subsection has  
17 not terminated.

18 (c) *Expenditures.* With regard to a tax incremental district described under this  
19 subsection, and subject to par. (ce), the creating city may incur project costs for any  
20 of the following, provided that the expenditures benefit the district:

21 1. Territory that is located in the same county as the district.

22 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of sub. (2) (f) 2. a. and c., the cost of  
23 constructing or expanding fire stations, purchasing police and fire equipment, and  
24 the cost of general government operating expenses, provided that the total of such  
25 expenditures do not exceed, over the district's lifetime, 15 percent of the total positive

1 tax increments received by the creating city over the district's lifetime. With regard  
2 to capital expenditures that may be made under this subdivision, such expenditures  
3 may be made only for the first 84 months following the district's creation, and any  
4 expenditures made under this subdivision for constructing or expanding fire stations  
5 may be made only for fire stations located within a one-mile radius of the electronics  
6 and information technology manufacturing zone that is designated under s. 238.396  
7 (1m).

8 (ce) *Certification.* Before the creating city may incur project costs for any  
9 territory that is located outside the district but in the same county as the district, the  
10 city must obtain certification from the department of administration that the  
11 department believes such a proposed expenditure benefits the district.

12 (cm) *Expenditure period.* Notwithstanding the limitation on expenditures  
13 described in sub. (6) (am) 1., expenditures for a district described under this  
14 subsection may be made up to the unextended termination date described in par. (e).

15 (d) *Allocation of positive increments.* Notwithstanding the 20-year limit for  
16 allocating positive tax increments described in sub. (6) (a) 7., for a tax incremental  
17 district described under this subsection, that limit shall be 30 years for purposes of  
18 sub. (6) (a) 7.

19 (e) *Termination.* Notwithstanding the 20-year termination requirement  
20 specified in sub. (7) (am) 2., for a tax incremental district described under this  
21 subsection, that limit shall be 30 years for purposes of sub. (7) (am) 2.

22 **SECTION 21m.** 67.05 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

23 67.05 (10) DIRECT, ANNUAL, IRREPEALABLE TAX. The Except as provided in sub.  
24 (10m), the governing body of every municipality proceeding under this chapter shall,  
25 at the time of or after the adoption of an initial resolution in compliance with sub.

1 (1) or (2), or, after the approval of the resolution by popular vote when such approval  
2 is required, and before issuing any of the contemplated bonds, levy by recorded  
3 resolution a direct, annual tax sufficient in amount to pay and for the express  
4 purpose of paying the interest on such bonds as it falls due, and also to pay and  
5 discharge the principal thereof at maturity. The municipality shall be and continue  
6 without power to repeal such levy or obstruct the collection of the tax until all such  
7 payments have been made or provided for. After the issue of the bonds, the tax shall  
8 be from year to year carried into the tax roll of the municipality and collected as other  
9 taxes are collected, provided that the amount of tax carried into the tax roll may be  
10 reduced in any year by the amount of any surplus money in the debt service fund  
11 created under s. 67.11, and provided further that the municipality issuing the bonds  
12 may make an appropriation in advance of the authorization of the bonds to provide  
13 funds for any payment coming due on the bonds prior to the first collection of taxes  
14 levied for that payment. The amount of the appropriation shall be based on  
15 estimates of the amount of bonds to be sold and the rate of interest the bonds will  
16 bear. The appropriation shall not be used for any purpose other than that for which  
17 appropriated and any surplus in the appropriation shall be transferred to the  
18 general fund of the municipality. The municipality is not required to levy a tax equal  
19 to the amount of that appropriation.

20 **SECTION 21n.** 67.05 (10m) of the statutes is created to read:

21 67.05 (10m) COUNTIES MAY ISSUE SALES TAX REVENUE BONDS. A county in which  
22 an electronics and information technology manufacturing zone that is designated  
23 under s. 238.396 (1m) exists may issue bonds under this chapter whose principal and  
24 interest are paid only through sales and use tax revenues imposed by the county  
25 under s. 77.70. The county shall be and continue without power to repeal such tax

1 or obstruct the collection of the tax until all such payments have been made or  
2 provided for.

3 **SECTION 22.** 71.05 (6) (a) 15. of the statutes is amended to read:

4 71.05 (6) (a) 15. Except as provided under s. 71.07 (3p) (c) 5., the amount of the  
5 credits computed under s. 71.07 (2dm), (2dx), (2dy), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3p), (3q), (3r),  
6 (3rm), (3rn), (3s), (3t), (3w), (~~3wm~~), (3y), (4k), (4n), (5e), (5f), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5k), (5r),  
7 (5rm), (6n), and (8r) and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability  
8 company, or tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's,  
9 company's, or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) or 71.34 (1k) (g).

10 **SECTION 23.** 71.07 (3w) (bm) 5. of the statutes is created to read:

11 71.07 (3w) (bm) 5. In addition to the credits under par. (b) and subds. 1. to 4.,  
12 and subject to the limitations provided in this subsection and s. 238.399 or s. 560.799,  
13 2009 stats., a claimant that has retained the minimum number of full-time  
14 employees determined under s. 238.399 (5) (f) and maintained average zone payroll  
15 for the taxable year equal to or greater than the base year may claim as a credit  
16 against the tax imposed under s. 71.02 or 71.08 an amount equal to the percentage,  
17 as determined by the Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation, of the  
18 claimant's zone payroll paid in the 12 months prior to the certification date to the  
19 claimant's full-time employees in the enterprise zone whose annual wages are  
20 greater than the amount determined by multiplying 2,080 by 150 percent of the  
21 federal minimum wage in a tier I county or municipality or greater than \$30,000 in  
22 a tier II county or municipality. The amount that the claimant may claim as credit  
23 under this subdivision for a taxable year shall not exceed \$2,000,000. A claimant  
24 may claim a credit under this subdivision for no more than 5 consecutive taxable  
25 years.

1           **SECTION 24.** 71.07 (3wm) of the statutes is created to read:

2           71.07 (**3wm**) ELECTRONICS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY MANUFACTURING ZONE  
3 CREDIT. (a) *Definitions.* In this subsection:

4           1. “Claimant” means a person who is certified to claim tax benefits under s.  
5 238.396 (3) and who files a claim under this subsection.

6           2. “Full-time employee” means an individual who is employed in a job for which  
7 the annual pay is at least \$30,000 and who is offered retirement, health, and other  
8 benefits that are equivalent to the retirement, health, and other benefits offered to  
9 an individual who is required to work at least 2,080 hours per year.

10           3. “State payroll” means the amount of payroll apportioned to this state, as  
11 determined under s. 71.25 (8).

12           6. “Wages” means wages under section 3306 (b) of the Internal Revenue Code,  
13 determined without regard to any dollar limitations.

14           7. “Zone” means a zone designated under s. 238.396 (1m).

15           8. “Zone payroll” means the amount of state payroll that is attributable to  
16 wages paid by the claimant to full-time employees for services that are performed  
17 in the zone or that are performed outside the zone, but within the state, and for the  
18 benefit of the operations within the zone, as determined by the Wisconsin Economic  
19 Development Corporation. “Zone payroll” does not include the amount of wages paid  
20 to any full-time employees that exceeds \$100,000.

21           (b) *Filing claims; payroll.* Subject to the limitations provided in this subsection  
22 and s. 238.396, a claimant may claim as a credit against the tax imposed under s.  
23 71.02 or 71.08 an amount calculated as follows:

24           1. Determine the zone payroll for the taxable year for full-time employees  
25 employed by the claimant.

1           2. Multiply the amount determined under subd. 1. by 17 percent.

2           (bm) *Filing supplemental claims.* In addition to claiming the credit under par.  
3 (b), and subject to the limitations under this subsection and s. 238.396, a claimant  
4 may claim as a credit against the tax imposed under s. 71.02 or 71.08 up to 15 percent  
5 of the claimant's significant capital expenditures in the zone in the taxable year, as  
6 determined under s. 238.396 (3m).

7           (c) *Limitations.* 1. Partnerships, limited liability companies, and tax-option  
8 corporations may not claim the credit under this subsection, but the eligibility for,  
9 and the amount of, the credit are based on their payment of amounts described under  
10 pars. (b) and (bm). A partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option  
11 corporation shall compute the amount of credit that each of its partners, members,  
12 or shareholders may claim and shall provide that information to each of them.  
13 Partners, members of limited liability companies, and shareholders of tax-option  
14 corporations may claim the credit in proportion to their ownership interests.

15           2. No credit may be allowed under this subsection unless the claimant includes  
16 with the claimant's return a copy of the claimant's certification for tax benefits under  
17 s. 238.396 (3).

18           (d) *Administration.* 1. Section 71.28 (4) (g) and (h), as it applies to the credit  
19 under s. 71.28 (4), applies to the credit under this subsection.

20           2. If the allowable amount of the claim under this subsection exceeds the taxes  
21 otherwise due on the claimant's income under s. 71.02, the amount of the claim that  
22 is not used to offset those taxes shall be certified by the department of revenue to the  
23 department of administration for payment by check, share draft, or other draft  
24 drawn from the appropriation under s. 20.835 (2) (cp). Notwithstanding s. 71.82, no  
25 interest shall be paid on amounts certified under this subdivision.

1           **SECTION 25.** 71.08 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

2           71.08 (1) IMPOSITION. (intro.) If the tax imposed on a natural person, married  
3 couple filing jointly, trust, or estate under s. 71.02, not considering the credits under  
4 ss. 71.07 (1), (2dx), (2dy), (3m), (3n), (3p), (3q), (3r), (3rm), (3rn), (3s), (3t), (3w),  
5 (3wm), (3y), (4k), (5b), (5d), (5e), (5f), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5n), (6), (6e), (8r), (9e), (9m), and  
6 (9r), 71.28 (1dx), (1dy), (2m), (3), (3n), (3t), (3w), (3wm), and (3y), 71.47 (1dx), (1dy),  
7 (2m), (3), (3n), (3t), (3w), and (3y), 71.57 to 71.61, and 71.613 and subch. VIII and  
8 payments to other states under s. 71.07 (7), is less than the tax under this section,  
9 there is imposed on that natural person, married couple filing jointly, trust or estate,  
10 instead of the tax under s. 71.02, an alternative minimum tax computed as follows:

11           **SECTION 26.** 71.10 (4) (i) of the statutes is amended to read:

12           71.10 (4) (i) The total of claim of right credit under s. 71.07 (1), farmland  
13 preservation credit under ss. 71.57 to 71.61, farmland preservation credit, 2010 and  
14 beyond under s. 71.613, homestead credit under subch. VIII, farmland tax relief  
15 credit under s. 71.07 (3m), dairy manufacturing facility investment credit under s.  
16 71.07 (3p), jobs tax credit under s. 71.07 (3q), meat processing facility investment  
17 credit under s. 71.07 (3r), woody biomass harvesting and processing credit under s.  
18 71.07 (3rm), food processing plant and food warehouse investment credit under s.  
19 71.07 (3rn), business development credit under s. 71.07 (3y), film production services  
20 credit under s. 71.07 (5f), film production company investment credit under s. 71.07  
21 (5h), veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit under s. 71.07 (6e),  
22 enterprise zone jobs credit under s. 71.07 (3w), electronics and information  
23 technology manufacturing zone credit under s. 71.07 (3wm), beginning farmer and  
24 farm asset owner tax credit under s. 71.07 (8r), earned income tax credit under s.



1 71.07 (9e), estimated tax payments under s. 71.09, and taxes withheld under subch.  
2 X.

3 **SECTION 27.** 71.21 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 71.21 (4) (a) The amount of the credits computed by a partnership under s.  
5 71.07 (2dm), (2dx), (2dy), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3p), (3q), (3r), (3rm), (3rn), (3s), (3t), (3w),  
6 (3wm), (3y), (4k), (4n), (5e), (5f), (5g), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5k), (5r), (5rm), (6n), and (8r) and  
7 passed through to partners shall be added to the partnership's income.

8 **SECTION 28.** 71.26 (2) (a) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

9 71.26 (2) (a) 4. Plus the amount of the credit computed under s. 71.28 (1dm),  
10 (1dx), (1dy), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3p), (3q), (3r), (3rm), (3rn), (3t), (3w), (3wm), (5e), (5f),  
11 (5g), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5k), (5r), (5rm), (6n), (8r), and (9s) and not passed through by a  
12 partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation that has added that  
13 amount to the partnership's, limited liability company's, or tax-option corporation's  
14 income under s. 71.21 (4) or 71.34 (1k) (g).

15 **SECTION 29.** 71.28 (3w) (bm) 5. of the statutes is created to read:

16 71.28 (3w) (bm) 5. In addition to the credits under par. (b) and subds. 1. to 4.,  
17 and subject to the limitations provided in this subsection and s. 238.399 or s. 560.799,  
18 2009 stats., a claimant that has retained the minimum number of full-time  
19 employees determined under s. 238.399 (5) (f) and maintained average zone payroll  
20 for the taxable year equal to or greater than the base year may claim as a credit  
21 against the tax imposed under s. 71.23 an amount equal to the percentage, as  
22 determined by the Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation, of the claimant's  
23 zone payroll paid in the 12 months prior to the certification date to the claimant's  
24 full-time employees in the enterprise zone whose annual wages are greater than the  
25 amount determined by multiplying 2,080 by 150 percent of the federal minimum

1 wage in a tier I county or municipality or greater than \$30,000 in a tier II county or  
2 municipality. The amount that the claimant may claim as credit under this  
3 subdivision for a taxable year shall not exceed \$2,000,000. A claimant may claim a  
4 credit under this subdivision for no more than 5 consecutive taxable years.

5 **SECTION 30.** 71.28 (3wm) of the statutes is created to read:

6 71.28 (3wm) ELECTRONICS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY MANUFACTURING ZONE

7 CREDIT. (a) *Definitions.* In this subsection:

8 1. "Claimant" means a person who is certified to claim tax benefits under s.  
9 238.396 (3) and who files a claim under this subsection.

10 2. "Full-time employee" means an individual who is employed in a job for which  
11 the annual pay is at least \$30,000 and who is offered retirement, health, and other  
12 benefits that are equivalent to the retirement, health, and other benefits offered to  
13 an individual who is required to work at least 2,080 hours per year.

14 3. "State payroll" means the amount of payroll apportioned to this state, as  
15 determined under s. 71.25 (8).

16 6. "Wages" means wages under section 3306 (b) of the Internal Revenue Code,  
17 determined without regard to any dollar limitations.

18 7. "Zone" means a zone designated under s. 238.396 (1m).

19 8. "Zone payroll" means the amount of state payroll that is attributable to  
20 wages paid by the claimant to full-time employees for services that are performed  
21 in the zone or that are performed outside the zone, but within the state, and for the  
22 benefit of the operations within the zone, as determined by the Wisconsin Economic  
23 Development Corporation. "Zone payroll" does not include the amount of wages paid  
24 to any full-time employees that exceeds \$100,000.

1           (b) *Filing claims; payroll.* Subject to the limitations provided in this subsection  
2 and s. 238.396, a claimant may claim as a credit against the tax imposed under s.  
3 71.23 an amount calculated as follows:

4           1. Determine the zone payroll for the taxable year for full-time employees  
5 employed by the claimant.

6           2. Multiply the amount determined under subd. 1. by 17 percent.

7           (bm) *Filing supplemental claims.* In addition to claiming the credit under par.  
8 (b), and subject to the limitations under this subsection and s. 238.396, a claimant  
9 may claim as a credit against the tax imposed under s. 71.23 up to 15 percent of the  
10 claimant's significant capital expenditures in the zone in the taxable year, as  
11 determined under s. 238.396 (3m).

12           (c) *Limitations.* 1. Partnerships, limited liability companies, and tax-option  
13 corporations may not claim the credit under this subsection, but the eligibility for,  
14 and the amount of, the credit are based on their payment of amounts described under  
15 pars. (b) and (bm). A partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option  
16 corporation shall compute the amount of credit that each of its partners, members,  
17 or shareholders may claim and shall provide that information to each of them.  
18 Partners, members of limited liability companies, and shareholders of tax-option  
19 corporations may claim the credit in proportion to their ownership interests.

20           2. No credit may be allowed under this subsection unless the claimant includes  
21 with the claimant's return a copy of the claimant's certification for tax benefits under  
22 s. 238.396 (3).

23           (d) *Administration.* 1. Subsection (4) (g) and (h), as it applies to the credit  
24 under sub. (4), applies to the credit under this subsection.

1           2. If the allowable amount of the claim under this subsection exceeds the taxes  
2 otherwise due on the claimant's income under s. 71.23, the amount of the claim that  
3 is not used to offset those taxes shall be certified by the department of revenue to the  
4 department of administration for payment by check, share draft, or other draft  
5 drawn from the appropriation under s. 20.835 (2) (cp). Notwithstanding s. 71.82, no  
6 interest shall be paid on amounts certified under this subdivision.

7           **SECTION 31.** 71.30 (3) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

8           71.30 (3) (f) The total of farmland preservation credit under subch. IX,  
9 farmland tax relief credit under s. 71.28 (2m), dairy manufacturing facility  
10 investment credit under s. 71.28 (3p), jobs credit under s. 71.28 (3q), meat processing  
11 facility investment credit under s. 71.28 (3r), woody biomass harvesting and  
12 processing credit under s. 71.28 (3rm), food processing plant and food warehouse  
13 investment credit under s. 71.28 (3rn), enterprise zone jobs credit under s. 71.28  
14 (3w), electronics and information technology manufacturing zone credit under s.  
15 71.28 (3wm), business development credit under s. 71.28 (3y), film production  
16 services credit under s. 71.28 (5f), film production company investment credit under  
17 s. 71.28 (5h), beginning farmer and farm asset owner tax credit under s. 71.28 (8r),  
18 and estimated tax payments under s. 71.29.

19           **SECTION 32.** 71.34 (1k) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

20           71.34 (1k) (g) An addition shall be made for credits computed by a tax-option  
21 corporation under s. 71.28 (1dm), (1dx), (1dy), (3), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3p), (3q), (3r),  
22 (3rm), (3rn), (3t), (3w), (3wm), (3y), (4), (5), (5e), (5f), (5g), (5h), (5i), (5j), (5k), (5r),  
23 (5rm), (6n), and (8r) and passed through to shareholders.

24           **SECTION 33.** 73.0300 of the statutes is created to read:

1           **73.0300 Disregarded entities.** With regard to a single-owner entity that is  
2 disregarded as a separate entity under section 7701 of the Internal Revenue Code,  
3 any notice that the department of revenue sends to the owner or to the entity is  
4 considered a notice sent to both and both are liable for any amounts due as specified  
5 in the notice. This section applies to all laws administered by the department.

6           **SECTION 34.** 77.54 (65) of the statutes is created to read:

7           **77.54 (65)** The sales price from the sale of building materials, supplies, and  
8 equipment and the sale of services described in s. 77.52 (2) (a) 20. to; and the storage,  
9 use, or other consumption of the same property and services by; owners, lessees,  
10 contractors, subcontractors, or builders if that property or service is acquired solely  
11 for or used solely in, the construction or development of facilities located in an  
12 electronics and information technology manufacturing zone designated under s.  
13 238.396 (1m) and if the capital expenditures for the construction or development of  
14 such facilities may be claimed as a credit under s. 71.07 (3wm) (bm) or 71.28 (3wm)  
15 (bm), as certified by the Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation.

16           **SECTION 34e.** 77.70 of the statutes, as affected by 2017 Wisconsin Act 17, is  
17 amended to read:

18           **77.70 Adoption by county ordinance.** Any county desiring to impose county  
19 sales and use taxes under this subchapter may do so by the adoption of an ordinance,  
20 stating its purpose and referring to this subchapter. The rate of the tax imposed  
21 under this section is 0.5 percent of the sales price or purchase price. The Except as  
22 provided in s. 67.05 (10m), the county sales and use taxes may be imposed only for  
23 the purpose of directly reducing the property tax levy and only in their entirety as  
24 provided in this subchapter. That ordinance shall be effective on the first day of  
25 January, the first day of April, the first day of July or the first day of October. A

1 certified copy of that ordinance shall be delivered to the secretary of revenue at least  
2 120 days prior to its effective date. The repeal of any such ordinance shall be effective  
3 on December 31. A certified copy of a repeal ordinance shall be delivered to the  
4 secretary of revenue at least 120 days before the effective date of the repeal. Except  
5 as provided under s. 77.60 (9), the department of revenue may not issue any  
6 assessment nor act on any claim for a refund or any claim for an adjustment under  
7 s. 77.585 after the end of the calendar year that is 4 years after the year in which the  
8 county has enacted a repeal ordinance under this section.

9 **SECTION 35.** 84.0145 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

10 84.0145 (2) Subject to sub. (3) and s. 86.255, any southeast Wisconsin freeway  
11 megaproject may be funded only from the appropriations under ss. 20.395 (3) (aq),  
12 (av), (ax), and (ct) and 20.866 (2) (uup) ~~and, (uur), and (uuz).~~

13 **SECTION 36.** 84.585 of the statutes is created to read:

14 **84.585 Additional contingent funding for southeast Wisconsin freeway**  
15 **megaprojects.** Subject to 2017 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), section 60 (1), the  
16 proceeds of general obligation bonds issued under s. 20.866 (2) (uuz) may be used to  
17 fund southeast Wisconsin freeway megaprojects under s. 84.0145 (3) (b) 1.

18 **SECTION 36m.** 106.271 of the statutes is created to read:

19 **106.271 Worker training and employment program. (1) PROGRAM.** Of the  
20 amounts appropriated under s. 20.445 (1) (bg) in the 2019-21 fiscal biennium, the  
21 department shall allocate \$20,000,000 to provide funding, through grants or other  
22 means, to facilitate worker training and employment in this state.

23 **(2) POWERS OF DEPARTMENT.** The department shall have all other powers  
24 necessary and convenient to implement this section, including the power to audit and  
25 inspect the records of grant recipients.

1           **(3) CONSULTATION.** The department shall consult with the technical college  
2 system board and the Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation in  
3 implementing this section.

4           **(4) APPROVAL OF JOINT FINANCE COMMITTEE.** Prior to expending any funds  
5 appropriated under s. 20.445 (1) (bg), the department shall submit to the joint  
6 committee on finance a plan for implementing the program under this section. The  
7 department may not expend any funds appropriated under s. 20.445 (1) (bg) except  
8 in accordance with the plan as approved by the committee.

9           **(5) ANNUAL REPORT.** Annually, by December 31, the department shall submit  
10 a report to the governor and the cochairpersons of the joint committee on finance  
11 providing an account of the department's activities and expenditures under this  
12 section during the preceding fiscal year.

13           **SECTION 37.** 180.0622 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

14           180.0622 **(2)** Unless otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation, a  
15 shareholder of a corporation is not personally liable for the acts or debts of the  
16 corporation, except for a shareholder in a corporation defined under s. 71.365 (7), and  
17 only to the extent provided for under s. 73.0300, and except that a shareholder may  
18 become personally liable by his or her acts or conduct other than as a shareholder.

19           **SECTION 38.** 183.0304 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

20           183.0304 **(1)** The debts, obligations and liabilities of a limited liability  
21 company, whether arising in contract, tort or otherwise, shall be solely the debts,  
22 obligations and liabilities of the limited liability company. Except as provided in ss.  
23 73.0300, 183.0502, and 183.0608, a member or manager of a limited liability  
24 company is not personally liable for any debt, obligation or liability of the limited

1 liability company, except that a member or manager may become personally liable  
2 by his or her acts or conduct other than as a member or manager.

3 **SECTION 39.** 196.192 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 196.192 (1) (intro.) and  
4 amended to read:

5 196.192 (1) (intro.) In this section, ~~“electric;~~

6 (a) “Electric public utility” means a public utility whose purpose is the  
7 generation, distribution and sale of electric energy.

8 **SECTION 40.** 196.192 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

9 196.192 (1) (b) “Electronics and information technology manufacturing zone”  
10 means a zone designated under s. 238.396 (1m).

11 **SECTION 41.** 196.192 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 196.192 (2) (am).

12 **SECTION 42.** 196.192 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:

13 196.192 (2m) (a) No later than January 1, 2020, an electric public utility  
14 providing service to an electronics and information technology manufacturing zone  
15 shall file with the commission tariffs that include market-based pricing and options  
16 that allow a new retail customer that is within the electronics and information  
17 technology manufacturing zone and that the commission determines is eligible for  
18 a credit under s. 71.07 (3wm) to receive market benefits and take market risks for  
19 some or all of the customer’s purchases of capacity or energy, subject to the maximum  
20 capacity or energy purchase limits that shall be established by the commission. The  
21 electric public utility shall include the following requirements in the tariffs:

22 1. The customer shall annually nominate the amount of capacity and energy  
23 subject to the market-based tariff.

24 2. The customer shall provide not less than 12 months’ notice to terminate  
25 service under the market-based tariff.



1           3. The term of the market-based tariff may not be less than 10 years.

2           4. The customer shall pay the difference, if any, between the otherwise  
3 applicable retail rate and the market-based tariff rate if the customer does any of  
4 the following:

5           a. Supplies false or misleading information regarding its applicability for the  
6 market-based tariff.

7           b. Leaves the electronics and information technology manufacturing zone to  
8 conduct substantially the same business outside the electronics and information  
9 technology manufacturing zone.

10          c. Ceases operations in the electronics and information technology  
11 manufacturing zone and does not renew operation of the business or a similar  
12 business within the electronics and information technology manufacturing zone  
13 within 12 months.

14          (b) The commission shall approve market-based rates that are consistent with  
15 par. (a).

16          **SECTION 43.** 196.192 (3) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 196.192 (2) (bm) and  
17 amended to read:

18           196.192 (2) (bm) The commission shall approve market-based rates that are  
19 consistent with the options specified in ~~sub. (2) par. (am)~~, except that the commission  
20 may not approve a market-based rate unless the commission determines that the  
21 rate will not harm shareholders of the investor-owned electric public utility or  
22 customers who are not subject to the rate.

23          **SECTION 44.** 196.192 (3) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 196.192 (3m) and  
24 amended to read:

1           196.192 **(3m)** Nothing in s. 196.20, 196.22, 196.37, 196.60 or 196.604 prohibits  
2 the commission from approving a filing under sub. (2) (am) or (2m) (a) or approving  
3 market-based rates under ~~par. (a)~~ sub. (2) (bm) or (2m) (b).

4           **SECTION 45.** 196.192 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 196.192 (2) (c) and  
5 amended to read:

6           196.192 **(2)** (c) Subject to any approval of the commission that is necessary, an  
7 electric public utility that is not an investor-owned electric public utility may  
8 implement market-based rates approved under ~~sub. (3) (a)~~ par. (bm) or implement  
9 the options in filings under ~~sub. (2)~~ par. (am) that are approved by the commission.

10          **SECTION 46.** 196.49 (5g) (ar) 3. of the statutes is created to read:

11          196.49 **(5g)** (ar) 3. The project is primarily to provide service to a new customer  
12 within an electronics and information technology manufacturing zone designated  
13 under s. 238.396 (1m).

14          **SECTION 47.** 196.491 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

15          196.491 **(1)** (f) Except as provided in subs. (2) (b) 8. and (3) (d) 3m.,  
16 “high-voltage transmission line” means a conductor of electric energy exceeding one  
17 mile in length designed for operation at a nominal voltage of 100 kilovolts or more,  
18 together with associated facilities, and does not include transmission line relocations  
19 that are within an electronics and information technology manufacturing zone  
20 designated under s. 238.396 (1m) or that the commission determines are necessary  
21 to facilitate highway or airport projects.

22          **SECTION 48m.** 238.03 (5) of the statutes is created to read:

23          238.03 **(5)** The board shall hire a full-time employee who shall be known as the  
24 electronics manufacturing small business development director. The director’s  
25 duties shall include coordinating with the economic development liaison in the

1 department of administration and providing outreach to local economic development  
2 organizations. This subsection has no effect after December 31, 2022.

3 **SECTION 48s.** 238.12 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 238.12 (1) In this section, “tax benefits” means the credits under ss. 71.07  
5 (2dm), (2dx), (3g), and (3t), and (3wm), 71.28 (1dm), (1dx), (3g), and (3t), and (3wm),  
6 71.47 (1dm), (1dx), (3g), and (3t), and 76.636.

7 **SECTION 49.** 238.396 of the statutes is created to read:

8 **238.396 Electronics and information technology manufacturing zone.**

9 (1) DEFINITION. In this section, “tax benefits” means the income and franchise tax  
10 credits under ss. 71.07 (3wm) and 71.28 (3wm).

11 (1m) DESIGNATION OF ZONE; CRITERIA. (a) The corporation may designate not  
12 more than one electronics and information technology manufacturing zone.

13 (b) In determining whether to designate an area under par. (a), the corporation  
14 shall consider all of the following:

15 1. Indicators of the area’s economic need, which may include data regarding  
16 household income, average wages, the condition of property, housing values,  
17 population decline, job losses, infrastructure and energy support, the rate of business  
18 development, and the existing resources available to the area.

19 2. The effect of designation on other initiatives and programs to promote  
20 economic and community development in the area, including job retention, job  
21 creation, job training, and creating high-paying jobs.

22 (d) The corporation shall, to the extent possible, give preference to the greatest  
23 economic need.

24 (2) TIME LIMIT. A designation under sub. (1m) shall remain in effect for no more  
25 than 15 years.

1           **(3)** CERTIFICATION. The corporation may certify for tax benefits a business that  
2 begins operations in an electronics and information technology manufacturing zone.

3           **(3m)** ADDITIONAL TAX BENEFITS FOR SIGNIFICANT CAPITAL EXPENDITURES. If the  
4 corporation determines that a business certified under sub. (3) makes a significant  
5 capital expenditure in the electronics and information technology manufacturing  
6 zone, the corporation may certify the business to receive additional tax benefits in  
7 an amount to be determined by the corporation, but not exceeding 15 percent of the  
8 business's capital expenditures. The corporation shall, in a manner determined by  
9 the corporation, allocate the tax benefits a business is certified to receive under this  
10 subsection over a period of 7 years.

11           **(3s)** LIMITATIONS ON TAX BENEFITS. (a) The corporation may not issue  
12 certifications to claim tax benefits under ss. 71.07 (3wm) (b) and 71.28 (3wm) (b) that  
13 total more than \$1,500,000,000.

14           (b) The corporation may not issue certifications to claim tax benefits under ss.  
15 71.07 (3wm) (bm) and 71.28 (3wm) (bm) that total more than \$1,350,000,000.

16           **(4)** OTHER DUTIES. (a) The corporation shall revoke a certification under sub.  
17 (3) if the business does any of the following:

18           1. Supplies false or misleading information to obtain tax benefits.

19           2. Leaves the electronics and information technology manufacturing zone to  
20 conduct substantially the same business outside the zone.

21           3. Ceases operations in the electronics and information technology  
22 manufacturing zone and does not renew operation of the business or a similar  
23 business in the zone within 12 months.

24           (b) The corporation may require a business to repay any tax benefits the  
25 business claims for a year in which the business failed to maintain employment

1 levels or a significant capital investment in property required by an agreement  
2 between the business and the corporation.

3 (c) The corporation shall determine the maximum amount of the tax benefits  
4 that a certified business may claim and shall notify the department of revenue of this  
5 amount.

6 (d) The corporation shall annually verify the information submitted to the  
7 corporation under ss. 71.07 (3wm) and 71.28 (3wm).

8 (f) The corporation shall adopt policies and procedures defining “significant  
9 capital expenditure” for purposes of sub. (3m).

10 (g) The corporation shall, to the extent possible, attempt to include terms in any  
11 agreement negotiated between the corporation and a business certified under sub.  
12 (3) that encourage the business’s hiring of Wisconsin residents.

13 **(5) NO ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT REQUIRED.** The issuance of any permit  
14 or approval for a new manufacturing facility within an electronics and information  
15 technology manufacturing zone designated under this section is not a major action  
16 for the purposes of s. 1.11 (2) (c).

17 **SECTION 50.** 238.399 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

18 238.399 (3) (a) The corporation may designate not more than ~~30~~ 35 enterprise  
19 zones.

20 **SECTION 51.** 238.399 (3) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

21 238.399 (3) (e) If the corporation revokes all certifications for tax benefits  
22 within a designated enterprise zone, the corporation may cancel the designation of  
23 that enterprise zone. After canceling the designation of an enterprise zone, the  
24 corporation may designate a new enterprise zone subject to the limits of this  
25 subsection.

1           **SECTION 52.** 238.399 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 238.399 (4) (a).

2           **SECTION 53.** 238.399 (4) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

3           238.399 (4) (b) If an enterprise zone designation expires under par. (a), the  
4 corporation may designate a new enterprise zone subject to the limits of sub. (3).

5           **SECTION 54.** 238.399 (5) (f) of the statutes is created to read:

6           238.399 (5) (f) No more than one financial services technology business that,  
7 after completing a competitive corporate relocation process, retains its corporate  
8 headquarters in this state and retains at least 93 percent of its full-time employees  
9 in this state who were identified as being full-time employees of the business in the  
10 base year, as determined by the corporation.

11           **SECTION 55.** 238.399 (5m) of the statutes is amended to read:

12           238.399 (5m) ADDITIONAL TAX BENEFITS FOR SIGNIFICANT CAPITAL EXPENDITURES.  
13 If the corporation determines that a business certified under sub. (5) makes a  
14 significant capital expenditure in the enterprise zone, the corporation may certify  
15 the business to receive additional tax benefits in an amount to be determined by the  
16 corporation, but not exceeding 10 percent of the business' capital expenditures. The  
17 corporation shall, in a manner determined by the corporation, allocate the tax  
18 benefits a business is certified to receive under this subsection over the remainder  
19 of the time limit of the enterprise zone under sub. (4) (a).

20           **SECTION 56.** 281.346 (4) (c) 2m. of the statutes is amended to read:

21           281.346 (4) (c) 2m. The proposal is consistent with an approved water supply  
22 service area plan under s. 281.348 that covers the public water supply system unless  
23 the proposal is to provide water to a straddling community that includes an  
24 electronics and information technology manufacturing zone designated under s.  
25 238.396 (1m).

1           **SECTION 57.** 281.36 (3b) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

2           281.36 **(3b)** (b) No person may discharge dredged material or fill material into  
3 a wetland unless the discharge is authorized by a wetland general permit or  
4 individual permit issued by the department under this section or the discharge is  
5 exempt under sub. (4) or (4m) (a). No person may violate any condition contained in  
6 a wetland general or individual permit issued by the department under this section.  
7 The department may not issue a wetland general or individual permit under this  
8 section unless it determines that the discharge authorized pursuant to the wetland  
9 general or individual permit will comply with all applicable water quality standards.

10           **SECTION 58.** 281.36 (3m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

11           281.36 **(3m)** (a) *When permit required.* Any person wishing to proceed with a  
12 discharge into any wetland shall submit an application for a wetland individual  
13 permit under this subsection unless the discharge has been authorized under a  
14 wetland general permit as provided in sub. (3g) or is exempt under sub. (4) or (4m)  
15 (a). Before submitting the application, the department shall hold a meeting with the  
16 applicant to discuss the details of the proposed discharge and the requirements for  
17 submitting the application and for delineating the wetland. An applicant may  
18 include in the application a request for a public informational hearing. The  
19 application shall be accompanied by the applicable fee specified in sub. (11) or (12)  
20 (a).

21           **SECTION 59.** 281.36 (4m) of the statutes is created to read:

22           281.36 **(4m)** EXEMPTION AND WAIVER; ELECTRONICS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY  
23 MANUFACTURING ZONE. (a) The permitting requirement under sub. (3b) does not apply  
24 to any discharge into a wetland located in an electronics and information technology  
25 manufacturing zone designated under s. 238.396 (1m) if the discharge is related to

1 the construction, access, or operation of a new manufacturing facility in the zone and  
2 all adverse impacts to functional values of wetlands are compensated at a ratio of 2  
3 acres per each acre impacted through any of the following methods, consistent with  
4 the rules promulgated under this section:

5 1. Purchasing credits from a mitigation bank located in this state.

6 2. Participating in the in lieu fee subprogram under sub. (3r), under which the  
7 department shall identify and consider mitigation that could be conducted within the  
8 same watershed and may locate mitigation outside the watershed only upon  
9 agreement of the department and the person exempt from permitting under this  
10 subsection.

11 3. Completing mitigation within this state.

12 4. Participating in the escrow subprogram under sub. (3s).

13 (b) The department shall waive water quality certification under 33 USC 1341  
14 (a) (1) for a discharge under par. (a).

15 **SECTION 60. Nonstatutory provision.**

16 (1) The department of transportation may not expend the proceeds of general  
17 obligation bonds issued under section 20.866 (2) (uuz) of the statutes unless the state  
18 receives an award of federal moneys for the I 94 north-south corridor project under  
19 section 84.0145 (3) (b) 1. of the statutes and the joint committee on finance approves  
20 the expenditure. No later than 14 days after receiving a plan from the department  
21 of transportation to make an expenditure under this subsection, the cochairpersons  
22 of the joint committee on finance shall convene a meeting of the joint committee on  
23 finance to approve or modify and approve the plan.

24 (2c) Except as otherwise specifically provided, the department of natural  
25 resources shall ensure that the conditions of applicable permits, licenses, and



1       approvals under the department's jurisdiction are met for all activities related to the  
2       construction, access, or operation of a new manufacturing facility within an  
3       electronics and information technology manufacturing zone designated under  
4       section 238.396 (1m) of the statutes, including but not limited to permits, licenses,  
5       and approvals required under chapters 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 44, 77, 160,  
6       167, 254, 280, 281, 283, 285, 287, 289, 291, 292, 293, 295, and 299 of the statutes and  
7       any associated rules promulgated by the department of natural resources.

8               (2d) The Board of Regents of the University of Wisconsin System and the  
9       Technical College System Board shall consult together on strategies to address  
10       long-term workforce development issues for the future economy, including  
11       strategies for the fields of engineering, computer science, and electronic technology  
12       manufacturing. No later than December 1, 2017, the boards shall submit a joint  
13       report to the joint committee on finance and the appropriate legislative standing  
14       committees generally responsible for legislation related to higher education and  
15       workforce development that includes recommendations to address long-term  
16       workforce development issues.

17               **SECTION 61. Fiscal changes.**

18               (1) ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT LIAISON. In the schedule under section 20.005 (3)  
19       of the statutes for the appropriation to the department of administration under  
20       section 20.505 (1) (a) of the statutes, the dollar amount for fiscal year 2017-18 is  
21       increased by \$183,500 and the dollar amount for fiscal year 2018-19 is increased by  
22       \$177,500 to increase the authorized FTE positions for the department by 1.0 GPR  
23       unclassified economic development liaison project position. The project position  
24       shall be assigned to executive salary group 4. Notwithstanding section 230.27 (1) of  
25       the statutes, the project position shall expire on December 31, 2022.

1 (1c) **ELECTRONICS MANUFACTURING SMALL BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT DIRECTOR.** In the  
2 schedule under section 20.005 (3) of the statutes for the appropriation to the  
3 Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation under section 20.192 (1) (r) of the  
4 statutes, the dollar amount for fiscal year 2017-18 is increased by \$110,000 and the  
5 dollar amount for fiscal year 2018-19 is increased by \$110,000 to provide funding for  
6 the electronics manufacturing small business development director position  
7 required under section 238.03 (5) of the statutes.

8 **SECTION 62. Initial applicability.**

9 (1) **SALES AND USE TAX EXEMPTION.** The treatment of section 77.54 (65) of the  
10 statutes first applies to purchases made after the Wisconsin Economic Development  
11 Corporation enters into a contract with a business to locate in an electronics and  
12 information technology manufacturing zone.

13 **SECTION 63. Effective dates.** This act takes effect on the day after publication,  
14 except as follows:

15 (1) The treatment of section 20.505 (1) (fr) of the statutes and SECTION 61 (1)  
16 and (1c) of this act take effect on the day after publication, or on the 2nd day after  
17 publication of the 2017 biennial budget act, whichever is later.

18 **(END)**